THE GRENADA SENTINEL.

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Senator Stephens Makes First Speech At Cleveland In Senatorial Campaign

Adverts to Significance of Fourth of July and Signers of Declaration of Independence—Briefly Reviews His Record in United States Senate and Answers Criticisms of Opponent—Says Opponent Has Had Only One Bill to Become Law—A Straightforward Utterance.

Cleveland, Miss., July 4.—Senator Stephens, at the Fourth of July celebration here today, fired several broadsides at his political opponent, Congressman Webber Wilson, in which he accused him of gross ignorance and misrepresentation of Stephens' acts in the Upper House.

"The papers quote my opponent as saying that I sat idly by while postoffices were being sold," he said. "Also that a man in the Senate has the veto power over postoffice appointments. As to the first statement, I have no personal knowledge of any sale of postoffices, As to the other statement, it was made either with the deliberate intent to deceive and mislead, or it was made because of the grossest ignorance; it shows his unfitness."

An estimated crowd of 10,000 turned out for the celebration. The program was begun at 10 o'clock with a parade leading to the famous Wade Grove for speeches. John T. Smith presided as master of ceremonies and introduced Alf Stone, who made a short address of a patriotic nature and was followed by Senator Stephens.

Reviews His Record.

The senator outlined the things sponsored by him during his tenure in office and made direct reply to criticisms of his acts as charged by his opponent, Hon. Webber Wilson, as reported by the daily press. He stressed the fact that his greatest accomplishments have been attached by his personal friendships with colleagues in the Senate and the fact of his committee assignments, which are the judiciary, commerce, banking and immigration, had given him a part in the greatest beneficial legislation to the people of his state and the country in general and is an exemplification of the confidence placed in him by his colleagues.

He claimed that every bill introduced by him was unanimously passed by the Senate. His appeal to the voters was that if they believed he had faithfully represented them and guarded their interests in a faithful and business-like way that he asked to be returned to the Senate to complete the work now to be done where hard work and not oratory will accomplish the proper results.

Senator Stephens said:

This is the Sabbath Day of freedom; it is the jubilee of independence. It is always a pleasing task to trace the progress of the Revolution— the purest in consequences that ever gladdened the world. It is inspiring to have our thoughts turn to those great characters, who played such a part in the contest for the rights of men; and to study the epoch from which to compute the real duration of political liberty. It is gratifying to recall the history of the nation, to behold the spectacle of a land whose crown is wisdom, whose mitre is purity. whose herald is talent; a land where public sentiment rules and where every one may erect the monument of his own fame.

Great as were the actors in the dreams, high and holy as were the sentiments that inspired them, splendid as have been the results, it is not my purpose to discuss them. The glory of their deeds, the blessings for which they laid the foundations, have descended to us. We are their heirs. To the virtue and intelligence of their inheritors they confided these. They left us their example; they bequeathed us their blood.

It requires as much intelligence, courage and energy to preserve a nation as it does to found it. Burdens and responsibilities rest upon every citizen. But, in a representative democracy, those who are selected to act for the people are under peculiar and enlarged duty and responsibility. The government is not a mere heartless, skeleton corporation. Its duty is not merely to maintain itself isolated and apart from its citizens, simply giving them a place among nations, drawing from them revenue for its own support, and discharging a few enumerated political functions. The development of the natural resources of the country; the encouragement of all its useful arts and manufactures; the discovery and perfection of science— these and innumerable other subjects fall under the care and within the purview of government.

Ours is a representative democracy. Officers are agents of the people. They are elected to protect their interests and to put into effect all the powers of the constitution needful for their happiness, progress and prosperity.

This being true, you feel an interest in the candidacy of one who seeks to represent you, for he is seeking to be employed by you to do those things for you that you can not do for yourself. So, I feel sure that you will excuse me for making reference on this occasion to my candidacy for re-election to the United States Senate.

Flood Control.

My friend, in his introduction, has made reference to my work in connection with the flood control legislation. Whether or not I am entitled to the commendation given me is not for me to say. However, I can say that I was never more interested in any matter. All that I have of time and thought, energy and influence was given to that matter.

My first real interest in the delta came through the influence of Ben Humphreys, who was one of Mississippi's greatest sons and one of my best friends. I recall that six years ago, making a speech in front of your courthouse, I said then that I would join with him in the matter of giving protection to this section. My pledge has been kept to the best of my ability. When the flood came and the whole country was deluged, I came to view the situation. The only time that I was ever really frightened was when riding over this country in a small boat. Although unable to swim a stroke, I made the trip so that I might make a report to my colleagues.

It gave me great pleasure to lend my aid in this matter. In serving you, I was also serving every citizen of the state, for all have a direct interest. The many expressions of appreciation of my efforts have gratified me very much. But, friends, I want you to know that I shall be as ready in the future as in the past to do what I can for you. The flood control legislation is one of the greatest pieces of legislation ever enacted. Flood control is a strong link in the chain of national progress and prosperity. Rightly administered, it will make this section prosper as never before. Wrongly administered, its benefits will be greatly lessened. You will need some one on guard constantly to protect your interests.

Only yesterday I had the pleasure of appearing at Vicksburg before the board that is administering the law. Many such appearances will be necessary before this work is completed. You have a faithful servant and friend in Congressman Whittington. It will give me pleasure to co-operate with him at any time in your behalf. You have confidence in my ability to serve you in this way. I shall be glad to do it. As you know, knowledge of a subject, position on a committee, contact and influence with those in authority, are all helpful. They are of interest and importance to you.

A Foolish Charge.

The papers quote my opponent as saying that I "sat idly and silently by while post offices were being sold." Also, "that a man in the Senate has the veto power over post office appointments." As to the first statement, I have no personal knowledge of any sale of post offices. As to the second, it was made either with the deliberate intent to deceive and mislead, or it was made because of the grossest ignorance on his part of the rules of the Senate and the law of the land. In either case, it shows his unfitness.

A senator does not have the veto power. My opponent may not know this, but I doubt that there is any one else so ignorant. Even a school boy knows that a majority can confirm appointments. Due to "senatorial courtesy," sometimes, but not always, a senator can prevent confirmation. If a senator states that a certain person is "personally obnoxious" to him very frequently other senators will vote to reject the appointee. Senator McKellar did this in the Taylor case.

My opponent says that he has proof of the sale of office. If so, he is guilty of a grave moral offense. It was his duty, not only as a congressman, but as a good citizen, to expose such conduct. Failing to do so he has protected both the bribegivers and bribe takers. I call on him now to say whether he ever gave such information to Senator Harrison, to me, or to any committee. His charge is a blanket one. What postmasters have bought offices? If he will name them and produce proof they can very easily be removed.

I have heard rumors that an ugly condition existed. While my opponent simply talked about it, I had two bills passed in the Senate, the purpose of which is to punish any person who offers or accepts money or anything of value in such cases. Not only that, but when it was charged that a marshalship was bought, I had confirmation withheld for weeks. Parties who had charged this were invited to appear before the committee and offer proof. They failed to appear. So, while he was merely talking, I was actually attempting to have such conditions investigated and had such action made punishable. The accusation is so contemptible

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PLEA FOR HIGHWAY WORKERS' SAFETY

(Furnished by Mississippi State Highway Dept.)

A series of accidents to men who work on the roads has led O. A. Draper, State Highway Engineer to appeal to all motorists to be careful in meeting or passing road machinery or men working.

This appeal has the welfare of both the road workers and the public in mind, for with the heavier motorized road machinery now being used on many of the highways, the occupants of an ordinary passenger car hitting one of these machines are likely to get much the worst of it.

Men driving horse drawn graders, which are still in use on part of the system, and men working with shovels or tar kettles on the highway are entirely at the mercy of passing machines. If they were to get off the road for every passing machine they could get no work done, and if they stay on the road depending on all drivers to slow up and turn out, they are risking their lives every minute they are working on the road.

There is one safe rule which will prevent not only collisions with road workers, but 95 percent of all other accidents, and that is to "Keep your car under control at all times so you can stop in the clear space ahead."

COUNTY VOTES 2 TO 1 AGAINST TAX RAISE

Proposition to Increase School Levy from 1½ to 5 Mills Voted Down 282 to 143. Only Four Precincts Favored Raise at Election Last Saturday.

The election held Saturday, June 30, for the purpose of ascertaining the will of the people of Grenada County, outside of the City of Grenada, as to whether or not they favored increasing the levy for school purposes 3½ mills, thereby making the total levy for schools 5 mills, was defeated by a vote of nearly 2 to 1. The proposed increase carried at only four of the precincts.

The school authorities very naturally think a serious mistake has been made, and they may be right in their judgment but, as a general rule, it is always safe to vote against further indebtedness. Many are beginning to read in the signs of the times that the people are not voting bonds with that relish and ease they did a few years ago, and that they are more and more beginning to take stock and to ascertain, as the Texan said, "where they are at", and the whys and the wherefores of bond issues and tax increases. If they have made a mistake, those who made it will not be so very long in finding it out and then they can correct the error.

This paper took no stock whatever in the issue. Several communications appeared in the columns of The Sentinel by citizens opposing the tax increase and a personal invitation was given those favoring the increase to give their views, but they evidently thought that the matter was going to carry, however it seems that it was but another case of counting the chickens before the shells burst.

Below appears the vote for an against by precincts:

Precinct	For	Against
East Grenada	8	6
West Grenada	18	15
Tie Plant	2	12
Elliott	13	12
Providence	6	13
Pleasant Grove	0	19
Gore Springs	24	16
Graysport	7	11
Mt. Nebo	11	15
Spears	6	8
Kirkman	2	34
Hardy	2	39
Pea Ridge	8	15
Mims	0	8
Oxberry	11	12
Holcomb	25	47
Total	143	282

Binford Offers Prizes In Vocation Contests

Other Liberal Premiums Make It Worth While for Smith-Hughes Boys to Compete in Events at 1928 Grenada Fair.

(Written by C. O. Henderson, state supervisor vocational agriculture).

Lloyd T. Binford, president of the Columbian Life Insurance Co. Memphis, Tenn. has recently offered some very attractive prizes for vocation Smith-Hughes contests to be held at the North Mississippi Fair Association next fall. In addition to these prizes offered by Mr. Binford there are more than eight hundred dollars offered in cash for those Smith-Hughes boys that show outstanding ability in farming. According to Sam Cain, secretary of the North Mississippi Fair Association, lots of interest has been shown in the Smith-Hughes program and he is predicting the best fair that they have ever had.

The North Mississippi Fair Association has allowed $350. for the

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Stephens Court Bill To Get Early Action

Senator's Measure to Creat New Federal Court Distric in Mississippi May Becom Law by January 1, 1929.

Washington, July 2.—Early ion in the House at the next sion of Congress on the Step bill providing for an addit federal judge in Mississippi i pected, and it is probable tha measure will become a la January 1, 1929.

Mississippi has two federal districts, the Northern and Southern, but only one judge. The Stephens bill provides that the proposed new judge be appointed from the Northern district of the State to take charge of the Court in that district, with Judge Holmes, incumbent, confining his duties to the Southern district.

The bill, which was introduced by the Mississippi Senator, was passed in the Senate near the close of the last session, but reached the House too late for action. In getting his bill approved in the Upper House of Congress, Stephens accomplished what Mississippians interested in federal court practices have urged for many years.

Archives of History

WILL PROBABLY OPEN LAW OFFICE IN GRENADA

Mr. Greek P. Rice, Jr., of Clarksdale, and Mr. E. L. Fontaine and his son, William Barksdale Fontaine, of Clarksdale, were in Grenada Tuesday afternoon prospecting as to opening a law office in Grenada under the name of Rice and Fontaine. Mr. Rice is one of the well known Rice family of Tallahatchie County, and is a young man who has already well established himself at Clarksdale.

As The Sentinel understands, it is planned that young Mr. Fontaine shall be at Grenada and that Mr. Rice will divide his time between Clarksdale and Grenada. Mr. Rice is well educated and was graduated in law at one of the leading institutions of the country. He is a gentleman of pleasing address and is endowed with those characteristics which have for several generations distinguished the Rice family and given them such a wide circle of friends.

Mr. Fontaine was only recently graduated in law from the state university, and of course is yet to win his spurs. He comes of the well known and distinguished Fontaine family of the delta. He bears all the earmarks of culture and of a gentleman in every sense of the word. He stated that if he came here, it would be his purpose to identify himself with all that pertains to be the best in the county and to try to make every man, woman and child in the county his personal friend. The Sentinel feels that if the firm does open an office here every consideration will be given the gentlemen composing it and that Mr. Fontaine will be more than welcomed as one of Grenada's new citizens.

NEW BARBER SHOP OPENS

One of the prettiest and most up-to-date barber shops in this section has just been opened for business in the east side of the Dixie Cafe building. Mr. John J. Ingram, who has been in Grenada nearly six months and who has come to be well and favorably known, is the proprietor.

Two of the latest and most modern chairs, together with new and modern equipment throughout, enables the Dixie Barber Shop to give its customers the most efficient and sanitary service. Expert barbers are on duty throughout the day. Ladies are given especial attention.

The Dixie Barber Shop is giving away a $10 pair of shoes on July 13, next Friday, to one of its customers. The shoes are to be selected by the fortunate customer from the stock of ladies' and men's footwear carried by The Leader. Mr. Ingram will be glad to give full details to any who desire to know them.

The public is extended a most cordial invitation to visit the shop and see for themselves just what a pretty place it is.

SIXTH COTTON BLOOM

Alton Martin, of the Pleasant Grove community, forwarded to The Sentinel Tuesday the sixth cotton bloom to reach this office this year. The bloom was pulled Sunday, July 1, and was one of a number Mr. Martin noticed in his field. He reports that he has an excellent stand of cotton and that present prospects are that he will get a splendid yield from the ten acres he has in cotton.

"HOT DOG"

The Highlanders met at the Masonic Temple but it was so hot that we did not go out to Bledsoe's well. We practiced the program that was given at the weekly meeting of the Rotary Club. After that we made a raid on "Rose Cafe." We had cold drinks and hot dogs. We felt like "hot dogs" when we came out. Mr. Ben Adams paid for eats this time.

H. N. R. Reporter

GRENADA ANT CAMPAIGN IS 100% SATISFACTORY

The Argentine ant control campaign put on here last fall under the supervision of the state plant board has been 100% satisfactory according to reports received by N. L. Douglass, local inspector of the board, who investigated the situation recently. The ants are present over just a small area and only 11 homes were visited by Mr. Douglass. At 10 of these no ants had been seen since the poison was put out last fall, while a few had been seen at the other place but had caused no trouble.

On account of the splendid results secured and the fact that only a small part of the city is infested, it is expected that the city will push the fight until the ants are completely exterminated. The plant board says that eradication is entirely practicable, as Columbus, West Point, Belzoni, Greenville and several other places have already exterminated the ants over much larger areas than the one in Grenada. With Mr. Douglass located here where he can give special attention to the work it is believed that one or two more thorough poisonings will wipe the ants out entirely.

GREAT CROWDS COME FOR JULY 4TH FETE

Auto Races Thrill Throngs Who Attend Independence Day Celebration at North Mississippi Fairgro u n d s. Fast Boxing Matches Feature Night Program.

Grenada experienced Wednesday a real, old-fashioned fourth of July. There were thousands of people here from a distance to join in the celebration when ten of the country's fastest auto racers competed for liberal purses on the fast half-mile track at the North Mississippi fairgrounds. Although the races did not begin until 3:30 in the afternoon the crowds were flocking through the gates as early as nine o'clock a. m. and a steady tream passed through all day long. The real holiday spirit was evident in the greetings of friend to friend and stranger to stranger. The greater part of the crowd remained over for the boxing matches Wednesday night which were in themselves fast and furious.

Roy Tanner, of Memphis, in his Dodge Special, won the first race of the day in which all cars competed. The distance was one mile from a flying start. His time was 1:09. His brother, Leslie Tanner, also of Memphis, took the three-mile consolation race for all cars that had not shared in the money in previous events. His time was 3:24.

Al Smith, of the neighboring city of Charleston, walked away with the state champion race of three miles in 3:43. Smith exhibited tendencies peculiar to his namesake, the presidential nominee, in taking the honors in this event.

The feature event of the day, the Grenada Derby, ten miles, was won by Marion Robb, in his Whippet. His time for the distance was 12:24.

Aeroplane stunts and parachute jumping furnished their share of thrills to the pleasure seeking crowd.

Four good boxing matches Wednesday night completed the day's program. Every bout was lively and scrappy from start to finish, knockouts being registered in the first two encounters.

Young Hatchett, of Grenada, pitted against Hawkins, of Wynne, Ark. sent his opponent to the mat in the first round for the count of ten.

In the second engagement, two colored boys, Kid Black and Thad Melton, were the combatants. Black won in the second by a knockout.

Red Tipton was awarded the de-

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Cotton Crop Fails To Improve In June

Commercial Appeal Report Shows Outstanding Cause to Be Wet Weather. Crop Is Late in Many Sections.

The following is a synopsis of the condition of the cotton crop as appeared in the Commercial Appeal of July 2:

(By Geo. L. Fossick)

Reports of the average date of June 28, to The Commercial Appeal, indicate that the cotton crop, averaged for the belt, failed to improve in June and, perhaps, lost in condition.

The outstanding cause of lack of improvement, or of loss in condition, was wet weather. Although official averages for the month, to be compiled by the weather bureau, are not yet available, reports indicate that in several states it was the wettest June in more than 20 years.

Loss in condition is reported in all states showing heavily exces-

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Sentinel Publisher Partly Describes Democratic National Convention

Attended Party Gathering as Alternate from Fourth Congressional District of Mississippi—Tells of Some of Convention Proceedings and Names Some of Notables Seen There—Gives Cause of Rows in Mississippi Delegation—Thinks Ticket Named Is Going to Win.

(By G. M. Lawrence)

All readers of The Sentinel know already that Al Smith and Joe Robinson were nominated at the Houston convention last week to be the standard bearers of the Democratic party at the November elections. They know, too, in a general way of all the proceedings of the convention as they have gathered them from the daily press and from the radio reports as the convention was in session. Therefore, it would be a waste of the reader's time and of The Sentinel's space for me to go into great detail about the various doings of the party leaders assembled at Houston last week.

I was named by the state convention at Jackson on June 4th as an alternate to the national convention from the fourth congressional district of Mississippi. The other alternate from this district was H. T. Leonard, of Kosciusko, who did not go to Houston. The delegates were E. G. Whitehead, of Winona, and J. Robert McLarty, of Water Valley. They were there, and they made themselves known from the start and their influence was felt in the Mississippi delegation.

I left Grenada Saturday night, June 23, on train number 25 at 10:30 o'clock for Winona. Bob McLarty had caught the train at Water Valley and at Winona Ed Whitehead and Alf Waddell, also of Winona, a sterling young gentleman and a likeable fellow in every way, met us. We immediately left in Whitehead's car for Houston. We drove all night and most of the next day and were within 200 miles of our destination when trouble overtook us. McLarty was driving the car and we were really traveling fast—between 60 and 70 miles an hour all the time which all of us know now is entirely too swift. There was a Ford car in front of us occupied by a lady and a little child with the child at the wheel. We blew our horn for it to give us the road and the darn thing turned to the left in front of us instead of the right. We blew again and it turned still further to the left. It was too late for us to take the right and McLarty had to take the ditch to the left of the Ford to keep from wrecking it. We made it around all right but the car, in coming back to the road, skidded and we went into the ditch on the right, a small drainage ditch, went out of it, turned over on the left side, struck a tree and the crash came. Whitehead and Waddell, wearied and tired from the long ride, were sound asleep before the wreck. Whitehead was still asleep, having been knocked unconscious in the crash, and we all thought he was dead. But he roused up enough eventually for us to know that he had not absolutely passed out. He was the worst hurt but had no broken bones or serious cuts. We went on to Houston on the train, reaching there Monday morning at 7 o'clock.

It would be impossible to enumerate the courtesies that were extended all of us. Because of our injuries we seemed to be the especially favored ones. Of the Mississippi delegation those who were unusually good to the "wounded" were Maj. Will Perry, of Meridian, Fred Sullens, of Jackson, Homer Casteel, of Canton, Phil Stone, of Oxford, and many others. They earned our undying gratitude and esteem for their kindness and attention. Through the kindness and thoughtfulness of former Mississippians living in Houston, beautiful flowers were sent to our room.

At the Rice Hotel, where most of the Mississippians stopped, delegates were packed in like sardines. In many rooms there were as many as eight. It was told us that 3000 guests were registered in that one hotel alone. There were but five elevators to accommodate them and you can imagine what an effort it was to get in and out of one of them. Several fist fights and one or two near riots were caused by the inadequate service but no casualties were reported. McLarty and I managed to get in at another hotel and we had a comfortable, quiet room with Phil Stone, from Oxford. There we could sleep in peace when we wanted to sleep.

On Monday afternoon the Mississippi delegation held a caucus for the purpose of organization and to adopt a course to follow on the convention floor. (It was not decided at the caucus, however, to stage any battles among the delegation.) The Smith adherents appeared to have a majority of the delegation, from an enumeration of the delegates, but Senators Pat Harrison and Hubert Stephens, acknowledged to know more about political events, their significance and reactions, than anyone else present, did not want the state to go for Smith right off the reel. They handled the matter so skilfully and so wisely that the Smith folks didn't seem to realize what it was all about. Homer Casteel, lieutenant governor during the Russell regime, was named chairman of the delegation. He was an outspoken Smith man and with the others who wanted to support the New York governor on the first ballot, was out maneuvered by the two senators.

The next day after the Mississippians had read the signs that it was Al Smith and nobody else, another caucus was held with the same results. The Smith folks wanted to get into the bandwagon at the start and did not think they ought to ride when no more passengers were needed. But the decision to vote for Harrison on the first ballot remained unchanged.

The Mississippi delegates had the choicest seats in the convention hall. They were less than thirty feet from the speaker's stand and were right in the center aisle. The alternates were no less favored in their position in the alternates' section. They were right at the front. The seats given delegates were at the front of the building and almost half the hall was required to seat them. The alternates were behind them and back of the alternates was a section where those holding reserved seats were taken care of. Then back of them and all the way around the hall was a balcony for spectators. The convention hall is an immense thing. It was built in six weeks' time at a cost of $200,000 (the Rice Hotel took in nearly enough to pay for it) and has a seating capacity of 25,000. It was packed during most of the sessions and on Thursday night when Smith was nominated, standing room could not be had. To the right and left of the speaker's stand there was space for the press and for the radio announcers. Those of you who heard the convention over the radio probably can tell more about it right now than 90% of the delegates who attended for the announcers were placed so they could not possibly miss a thing.

The movie cameras—a score of more of them—were placed in crow's nests at the top of the building and their view of the proceedings was uninterrupted.

That little man who made the keynote speech—Claude Bowers—was perhaps one of the most unimpressive figures in the limelight during the convention. But what he lacked in stature and in impressiveness he more than made up in what he said about the G. O. P. and how he said it. He caught them, he picked them and then he parboiled them. After that he roasted them to a turn and was basting them all the time. When he had finished that he turned the blaze higher and scorched them to a cinder. He then salted them and laid them away for future reference. He said more in 45 minutes about the corruption and profligacy of the Republicans than the average man could think about in a lifetime.

Following that great speech of Franklin Roosevelt's placing the name of Alfred E. Smith, "the happy warrior", in nomination, the first real demonstration started. That was when the Mississippi folks started scrapping. Some of the alternates joined in the parade with their Mississippi standard and when they passed where the delegates from this state were seated, then was when the fun began. Some of the anti-Smiths wanted to tear the standard away from its bearers and one of them who made the attempt was a lady. An almost free-for-all developed but policemen quickly intervened and stopped the engagements. Later in the parade, a Mississippian, not even a delegate, tried to take the delegates' standard from Senator Stephens and he and the Senator exchanged a few words and made several passes at each other before they were separated. But, at that, Mississippi did not make a fool of herself, Will Rogers and a few others to the contrary notwithstanding. Most of them deported themselves like ladies and gentlemen.

Thursday night when the roll call of states had been completed and when it was seen that Smith was nominated after Ohio had changed her vote, Senator Casteel, chairman of the Mississippi delegation, arose to change Mississippi's vote. Word was got to Senator Robinson, through Franklin Roosevelt, to recognize the Mississippi chairman immediately after the Ohio representative had finished. It had been agreed in our caucus to vote for Harrison on the first ballot and "as long as necessary". Casteel thought evidently that the time had come to change. But when he started to call Mississippi's vote for Smith, Hon. Hugh Wall, of Brookhaven, one of the strong anti-Smith men in the delegation, challenged the vote. This necessitated a poll of the delegation on the convention floor. Had any one candidate received a majority, the entire 20 votes would have gone to him as Mississippi was instructed to vote as a unit but since there was no majority the vote was counted as it stood, 9½

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ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Sentinel is authorized to announce the following as candidates for Congress of the United States from the Fourth Congressional District, subject to the action of the Democratic Primaries in August:

For Congress
(Fourth Congressional District)
JEFF BUSBY, of Chickasaw County
C. H. ALDRIDGE, of Montgomery County.
A. T. PATTERSON, of Calhoun County

BLUNDERS OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

The Democratic party has rendered many great services to the Nation. But it is not our purpose to recount them here. What we are going to advert to briefly are some of the exceedingly blundersome blunders it has made, and we begin with 1892, the second election of Grover Cleveland, and his third campaign for the presidency. The party has played the blind Samson on several occasions.

Cleveland was president from March 4, 1885 to March 4, 1889, when he was succeeded by Benj. Harrison. The silver question, as expressed in the terms of the politics of that day, had been more or less prominent in the political discussions of the republic for fifteen years.

During the Harrison regime, the Republican party enacted a law, known as the Sherman Act, requiring the coinage of not less than two million dollars worth of silver monthly.

A vast majority of the people of the South thought it best for the interests of this section that there be a larger circulating medium and that the free coinage of silver would inure to the welfare of this section. The west, in a large measure, shared the same views, and to even a stronger degree. The middle west and the east believed in the gold standard. Much vigorous condemnation was indulged in from 1878 to 1896 of the socalled demonetization of silver by congress in 1877, we believe it was. Lamar, one of Mississippi's United States senators, was instructed by the legislature, the body which then chose senators, to vote for a bill being considered by congress which provided for the "remonetization of siller", but Lamar denied the right of the legislature to instruct and refused to support the measure. A great howl went up against Lamar, but he came home at the proper time when congress had adjourned, went before the people and was triumphantly reelected.

So when the Democratic party met in national convention in 1892 and nominated Cleveland and Stevenson for President and Vice President, and wrote its platform, it used these words in reference to the Sherman Act, already mentioned: "We denounce the Sherman Act as a cowardly makeshift and demand its immediate repeal". The same platform further stated, "the Democratic party believes in the circulation of gold and silver on a parity", etc. The extreme silverite contended that gold and silver were not circulating on a parity unless the man who had silver bullion could carry it to the United States treasury and have it coined into money just as the man did who owned gold bullion could his gold. The socalled "gold bugs" held that silver could not be on a parity with gold unless the silver dollar was intrinsically worth as much as the gold dollar. So it can be seen that there was room for a wide divergence of views in construing the platform. But Cleveland was a platform in himself on the proposition; he had repeatedly pronounced himself for the gold standard and had said only a few months before his nomination in 1892, that the free coinage of silver would be one of the most disastrous things that could come upon the country. The silver in a silver dollar at that time was worth only 56 cents while the gold in a gold dollar was worth 100 cents.

Cleveland was overwhelmingly elected. In a short while after being inducted into office, he called the congress together, and submitted a special message urging the repeal of the Sherman Act which the platform upon which he was chosen denounced as "a cowardly makeshift" and which had demanded its "immediate repeal". Many southern Democratic congressmen and senators, as well as similar numbers from the west, told Mr. Cleveland that unless he would agree beforehand to approve a free coinage of silver law, they would jump the party platform and vote against repealing the Sherman law. Cleveland promptly answered that he would not be guilty of any such party perfidy and proceeded to bring all the pressure of his great mind and the power of the President's office to carry out his party's pledge. He succeeded, but when repeal was accomplished, he found that nearly all of the southern members of congress had unsheathed their swords for him. As the days and the months of his term passed, the talk about "free silver at 16 to 1" increased and the breach widened between Cleveland and those Democrats in congress who believed in the free coinage of silver. Everything possible that the silverites could do, they did to harass and annoy the executive. He did not turn the other cheek, but fought back as no other President ever did before or since.

Free silver spellbinders preached that the South and West were being made pack horses for the east and middle states. The political flames increased in fury and as a result all the wrath of the gods of fate was invoked upon Mr. Cleveland when the party met in national convention in 1896. The man who could or would "cuss Cleveland" the most stood highest in the councils of the party. The convention even refused to pass a resolution declaring Cleveland's administration honest, and it might be observed that the silverites only controlled the convention by the very narrowest margin. Bryan, a misguided and mistaken man in many instances but with a clean heart and soul, leaped into prominence and was nominated on a free silver ticket, but he was ingloriously defeated. He advocated many good things during the years of his dominance and leadership, but the better judgment of the country never forgot his free silver heresy to which he added from time to time other vagaries, among them the government ownership of railroads. Thus it was that the business interests of the nation and the sober second thought of the nation were always fearful of his leadership, hence there was a drift from the Democratic party.

Cleveland, though he was the first man since the Civil War to place Confederate Generals in the President's cabinet, though he was the first President after the Civil War to name Confederates for places on the United States Supreme bench and in all other departments of the government, though he was the first President after the Civil War to visit the South and to show a keen personal interest in and friendship for the South, was hounded by most of the southern leaders, and in many instances branded as a traitor. He went into retirement in 1897, a heartbroken and dejected man. But happily he lived long enough to see the day when many of those who had hounded him wanted to nominate him for President for the fourth time and to receive an ovation at St. Louis the like of which few men in America have ever received. The country never did get free coinage of silver, nor did the ills prophesied by free silver disciples come to the people.

Wilson made a great President but he chased too far the League of Nations. The party made the League of Nations its chief issue in 1920 and was beaten by 7,000,000 votes. We never did want it without some reservations. The American people never did want it. The party in its platform adopted at Houston has read the signs of the times and states that it does not believe in "entangling political alliances with foreign nations". That's all right. It is American.

Our purpose in adverting to these things just now is that we indulge the hope that the few who insist that they will keep company with nobody in this presidential year unless he rides a hobby, may get some illumination out of the recent past and from the ignoble spectacle of those who once set themselves upon the heels of Grover Cleveland because he would not trade his lifetime convictions and his public pronouncements for the popularity of the hour.

Those who refuse to read and profit by the lessons of the past are unworthy to be trusted with the problems of the present.

THE NOMINEES ARE SMITH AND ROBINSON.

As has been foreshadowed by events of the past four years and which have come one after the other, and for the past ten months with cyclonic force and effect, Gov. Alfred Emanuel Smith of New York was nominated by the Democratic party in national convention assembled at Houston, Texas, last week.

There was nothing else for the party to do. Those opposed to Gov. Smith offered nobody in opposition. The chief objections against Gov. Smith were urged by churchists, many of whom have never learned the distinction between their church and the religion taught by the Master, because he is an adherent of the Roman Catholic church, and by some sincere prohibitionists and by others who profess to be dry but who drink wet.

Smith has had a most remarkable public career. He was born in a tenement house among the poor of New York City. He drove a fish wagon when he became large enough to work and then he drove a wood wagon. His father and mother were both poor. He was one of a large family. His schooling was meager. From his earliest years he seems to have been one of those who spends no idle moments and who regards the opportunities of every day as golden ones. He married when he was getting a salary of $75.00 per month. He was elected to the legislature and there he impressed his colleagues as one who was seeking to get the facts and the reasons for everything done, and as one who acted from honest, patriotic motives. He rarely made a talk in the legislature but when he did speak, he left no doubt in the minds of his hearers that he knew what he was talking about. After several terms in the legislature, he was chosen speaker and in the speaker's chair he showed a breadth of vision and a knowledge of statecraft that challenged the attention of those of the opposite party and that elicited their interest and secured their good will.

For four times he has been chosen to the high office of governor of New York, the largest state in population in the Union. During his four terms, his enemies have been able to find no flaw in his record. The accusing finger has never intimated graft or a betrayal of the people's trust.

His official record warrants placing him in the class with Grover Cleveland of whom it was rightly said by one of eminence in the country, "he never shirked a duty or dodged an obligation". Smith has been outspoken, open and aboveboard in all things. He has not trimmed his sails to the passing breezes or bent his course so that the shifting plaudits of the day might be showered upon his brow. He has shown a clearness of judgment, a brilliancy of action and a fixedness of purpose in all public matters that give him rank among the strongest and ablest men of the day. He is candid with his friends. He is sincere with the public. There is a captivation about his personality that draws men to him and that gives him the ear of the public that but few men have. Smith has not forgotten the class from which he came. His elevation to place and power has not turned his head or caused him to frown upon those of his early years and to whom fortune has not been so kind as to him. He has been true to those of his old home and of his neighborhood. He has been big enough to do the gentler, smaller things of life. He has been big enough to see the big things of life and to accord them the proper place in the fabric of this great republic.

He comes nearer filling the place that the great Roosevelt filled in America than any other living man. The name Al Smith is almost a household word all over the land today; it will be even more so when the campaign is over. It is going to be an Al Smith campaign. There is a fascination about the man that just compels the affection and the esteem of those who come to know him personally, like unto that which gripped the country to Teddy Roosevelt.

As before stated in these columns, with Hoover, whose father was a blacksmith, representing the Republican theory of national politics, and with Smith, born and reared in the district inhabited by the poor of the second largest city in the world, representing the Democratic theory of national politics, both men of clean lives and honest in their purposes, the affairs of the Nation will be safe regardless of which one is elected.

And the lives of these two men up to even this time serve to read once again the old lesson to the youth of the land, "there is plenty of room at the front and on top". Young man, gird yourself to do what Smith and Hoover have done!

Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas is one of the country's ablest United States senators and one of the Democratic party's most useful and militant forces. Robinson was born on a farm near Lonoke, Arkansas. He taught a country school, went to college, studied law and first opened a law office in his home town. He was elected to the legislature, then to the congress, then to the governor's office and ere he had been there but a few weeks, there was a vacancy in the senate from Arkansas, and he was chosen to that place. When John Sharp Williams retired from the senate, Robinson was made Democratic leader in the senate, a place he has filled with the greatest satisfaction to his party. He is a member of the Methodist church and has been since his boyhood.

Robinson's nomination makes the first time that one of the two great political parties of the country has come South for one of its standard bearers in a presidential campaign since the Civil War. It is a recognition of the South's loyalty to the Democratic party and another one of the many established truths and recognized evidences that all the scars of that bloody struggle have been laid to rest.

Robinson is pitted against Curtis on the Republican ticket, who is his party's leader in the Senate.

There are giants in this campaign. What will become of the Lilliputians, the sectarian minded and those who can see but one issue, the Lord of hosts only knows. The destinies of this great country will be in safe hands no matter which side wins. Smith won the nomination after a fair fight and a long battle. Those who opposed—and they got to be mighty scattering—should come up like men and support him. The man or woman who is not a good loser, is hardly to be trusted as a winner.

MISSISSIPPI IN THE LYNCHING BUSINESS.

Mississippi's opportunity for a lynchless year in 1928 has gone a-glimmering. Brookhaven, county site of Lincoln county, the home of Whitworth College, was the scene of a dual lynching Saturday when two negroes were brutally done to death by a mob after the doors of the jail had been battered down and officers of the law and ministers of the gospel ruthlessly swept aside.

James and Stanley Bearden, negroes, became involved in an altercation with Claude and Caby Byrnes, white men. The initial trouble is said to have arisen over the collection of a debt which the negro claimed the white man owed him. In the dispute which followed, each man called in his brother and at least three of the four men were wounded. One white man was shot in the thigh, the other was hit in the head with a piece of iron, and one of the negroes was wounded five times before being captured.

Under the laws of Mississippi, the aggressors in this affair were guilty of assault and battery with intent to kill. This carries a penitentiary sentence. Both negroes were in jail and if guilty were subject to the pains of the law. If in the wrong, either or both of these men could have been brought to trial by due process of law, had their case considered by a jury of white men, and if found guilty, would have been sentenced by a white judge.

What happened? An angry mob stormed the jail, in plain violation of the laws of Mississippi. Members of this mob hit the sheriff with a heavy timber which was being used to batter down the jail doors. This was assault and battery upon the sheriff of the county. One negro was tied to the axle of an automobile and dragged to death along a paved street, and then hung from a limb. The other was hanged outside the city limits, despite the pleas of the Rev. Paul Hardin, well-known Methodist minister, who formerly preached at Main Street Church here, and T. Brady, Jr., one of the leading lawyers of Mississippi.

At most, the negroes were guilty of assault and battery with intent to kill. To say the least, those mobbers were guilty of criminal trespass, assault upon the sheriff, and murder. And from the beginning of this horrible affair to the present, not one single word has been printed in any way connecting these negroes with the slightest charge involving a white woman.

The fact is that less than one-fourth of all mob murders have any relation whatever to attacks upon white women. If lynchers propose to continue attempts at justification, a better alibi than this must be found. The fact is that lynching is murder, nothing more nor less. Participants may seek to justify their foul deeds; coroners may continue to bring in reports that the victim died "at the hand of parties unknown," but before the great judgment bar of Almighty God, every man in the Lincoln county mob must answer for the blood that is on his hands.

The Sentinel most heartily endorses what is stated in the above editorial taken from the Hattiesburg American of July 3.

Besides the Lincoln lynching mentioned, Summit comes to the front with one where the victim is charged with assault. We can well imagine that the family immediately interested might want to inflict the severest wrath on one charged with the grave crime, but those of near blood are not competent to say just what should be done because of their personal connection, but over and above what might be in the breast or mind of any individual stands the majesty of the law whose duty it is for every good citizen to obey. But for the law what would become of the country? What we invoke for ourselves we must give to others.

No right minded, serious thinking man who has the right purposes in his heart can wish to see any criminal escape his just deserts, but when we rush headlong into lawbreaking ourselves, we tear down the very mud sills of society and all that guards the best in life. We make no plea for the criminal but we do make a plea for law and order, and that the penalties of the law may be inflicted by those authorized to do so. Mobs hurt the state. They make capital thinking of coming to us halt at our borders and give our people the name abroad of reverting back to the methods of the savage and of the cave man. Let's live up to what is claimed for our boasted civilization.

In most instances mobs succeed because of the want of foresight and the proper precaution by the sheriffs, and sometimes because that officer really encourages the mob.

"SMITH REPUBLICANS."

In an editorial with the above caption the New York Times says that "everybody must number in his acquaintances Republicans who have avowed their intention to desert their party temporarily in order to support Governor Smith." Obviously this can hardly be true of "everybody" in all parts of the country, but the Times proceeds to give some notable illustrations of a tendency that undoubtedly exists. "There was," it says, "the instance of the Massachusetts primary in which something like 4,000 Republican voters took the trouble to write on their ballots the name of Gov. Smith as their preference for the presidency—an extraordinary spectacle of a Democrat running fourth on a Republican ticket. The official returns for Allegheny County, of which Pittsburgh is the metropolis, show that no less than 6,393 Republican votes were cast for Gov. Smith—more than half the number recorded in the same county for Secretary Hoover. The astonishing result was that three times as many Republicans as Democrats took the trouble in Pittsburgh to vote for Governor Smith."

Among the explanations for this phenomenon that have been suggested are resentment against local Republican managers, popularity of Smith in the "middle class" as a man "of their own kind," a desire to put the Republicans out of power temporarily as a rebuke to "corruption," dislike of prohibition and liking of Governor Smith.—Springfield Republican.

BOYS AND GIRLS OF TWO COUNTIES IN CLUB CAMP

The boys and girls of Grenada and Yalobusha counties held their annual club camp last week at Bryant Wells, 1½ miles east of Bryant, in Yaobusha county. The outing was one devoted to both entertainment and instruction.

Clubs in Grenada county represented were Kirkman, Gore Springs, Sparta, Grenada, Oxberry, Tie Plant, Holcomb, Pea Ridge, Hardy and Mt. Nebo.

The young folks were in charge of the county agents of the two counties, G. R. Fulton, of Grenada, and J. C. Sides of Coffeeville, and the home demonstration agents, Misses Ozella O'Bannon, of Grenada, and Waldo Holliday, of Yalobusha, together with Mrs. J. A. Pipkin, of the latter county. Assisting them were L. A. Olson and Miss Kate Lee, heads of the north Mississippi extension forces, Misses Luta Moore and Margaret Gibson, of Winona, Miss Mary Agnes Gordon, organization specialist, and H. S. Johnson, who is in charge of club work in north Mississippi.

ON EDGE
Worried A Lot

"I took Cardui at intervals for three years, and have been in good health since last fall," says Mrs. Noble J. Hayes, of Waterloo, S. C. "My improvement after taking a course of this medicine was really remarkable.

"I am much stronger and can accomplish so much more work now. My weight increased twenty pounds, and my color is good.

"For a long time I had been feeling poorly. Some days I dragged around the house and had not enough energy to do my housework.

"I worried a lot about myself. I did not seem like myself, and my nerves were all on edge. I did not sleep well, and my appetite left me.

"I found Cardui to be an excellent tonic. After I had taken it a few weeks, I began to pick up and to gain in weight and strength."

At all drug stores. EX-100

TAKE CARDUI
USED BY WOMEN FOR OVER 50 YEARS

ELIZABETH ARDEN

Arden Venetian Toilet Preparations
are on sale at
DYRE- KENT DRUG CO.
"HAS IT"

A pure, wholesome refreshing drink

8 million a day

Grenada Coca-Cola Bottling Co.

IT HAD TO BE GOOD TO GET WHERE IT IS

FARMER'S WIFE IS LIKE NEW WOMAN

Gains 15 Pounds and Number of Friends Who Saw Wonderful Improvement Are Also Taking Sargon and Pills.

"My wife is like a different woman now", said Robert B. Stewart, a well known farmer of Kerrville, Tenn. "She has gained 15 pounds since she began taking Sargon and a number of her friends who saw her wonderful improvement have also started taking Sargon and the Pills.

"My wife was strong and healthy up until about six months ago, when she was taken with what we thought was acute indigestion, and she has been losing ground ever since. Everything she ate disagreed with her, and the spells of indigestion became more frequent and seemed to get worse every time.

"Gas formed on her stomach and pressed up around her heart, causing palpitation and shortness of breath. She complained of sharp pains in her left side and shoulder blades. Her tongue was badly coated, her breath was disagreeable and her skin yellowish. She was nervous all the time.

"She lost weight and became so weak she could hardly do her housework. She didn't know what it was to get a good night's sleep and would get up mornings more tired than when she went to bed. Nothing seemed to do her any good.

"Then my mother told me to get her a bottle of Sargon and Sargon Soft Mass Pills and they have made her like a new woman. She can now eat and enjoy her meals without the slightest sign of indigestion. Her tongue is clear and she no longer has bad breath, and the pains in her sides and shoulders have disappeared. She sleeps like a child and wakes up in the morning feeling fine and ready for housework. She's gained back the 15 pounds she lost and says she feels better in every way.

"I tell you it's wonderful the way Sargon and Sargon Soft Mass Pills took hold of my wife's case and built up her health, and we are both praising it every chance we have."

Sargon may be obtained in Grenada from the Corner Drug Store. Copyright 1928 by The Sargon Co.

IN THE CHANCERY COURT OF GRENADA COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

In Re: Estate of Bruce D. Newsom, Deceased.

Jackson State National Bank of Jackson, Mississippi, Executor.

Notice to Creditors

Letters testamentary having been issued to the undersigned on the Estate of Bruce D. Newsom, deceased, by the Chancery Court of Grenada County, Mississippi, on June 23rd 1928, notice is hereby given to the creditors of Bruce D. Newsom, deceased, and to all persons having claims against the said estate to have their claims probated and registered by the Chancery Clerk of Grenada County, Mississippi, within six months from the first publication of this notice and that failure to have said claims so probated and registered within six months from the date of the first publication of this notice will forever bar said claims.

Witness the signature of the executor, this 27th day of June, 1928.

Jackson State National Bank of Jackson, Miss., Executor

By W. N. Cheney, Trust Officer

6 29 4t

NOTICE OF TRUSTEE'S SALE OF LAND

By virtue of the provisions of that certain trust deed dated February 27, 1926, recorded in Book 61, page 573, of the Land Mortgage Records of Grenada County, Mississippi, executed by J. W. Lippincott to the undersigned, as Trustee, to secure the payment of a certain indebtedness therein mentioned to W. C. Duke, default having been made in the payment of said indebtedness, and having been requested by the said Beneficiary so to do, the undersigned Trustee will,

On Saturday, July 7, 1928, within legal hours, in front of the East Door of the Court House in said Grenada County, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, for cash, the following described lands in said county:

South Half and South Half of the North Half of Section Nine, Township Twenty-three, Range Four, East, known as the "Harrison Place".

Witness my signature, this June 13, 1928.

A. M. CAROTHERS, Trustee.

6 15 4t

NOTICE OF SALE OF STOCK OF GOODS AND FIXTURES

Pursuant to decree of the Chancellor of the Chancery Court of Grenada county, Mississippi, dated June 21st, 1928, in re estate of Mrs. S. O. Horton, assignor, the undersigned receiver of said estate will on Monday, July 16th, 1928, within legal hours at the store house recenty occupied by the said assignor in the Roane Building on south side of Depot Street in the East Ward of the city of Grenada, Grenada county, Mississippi, offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash all of the stock of goods, wares and merchandise and store fixtures assigned to the undersigned by the said assignor.

Said sale will be reported for confirmation to be had on July 28th, 1928, following said sale.

Witness my signature this the 22nd day of July, 1928.

W. D. SALMON, Assignee-Receiver.

6 29 3t

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By Rev. P. B. Fitzwater, D. D.

Dean, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago

(©, 1928, Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for July 8

SAUL AND STEPHEN

LESSON TEXT—Acts 23:3, 4, 19, 20; 26:4, 5, 9-11; 7:54-8:3.

GOLDEN TEXT—Be thou faithful unto death and I will give thee a crown of life.

PRIMARY TOPIC—Saul's Cruelty to Christian People.

JUNIOR TOPIC—How Saul Persecuted Stephen and Others.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Is Conscience a Safe Guide?

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Stephen's Influence on Saul.

I. Saul's Training (22:3, 4; 25:4, 5, 9-11).

1. Taught to love his own nation (v. 3). He declared, "I am a Jew." Saul was a strict Pharisee. The Pharisees were the nationalists of their day. Being a strict Pharisee he was therefore a patriot. Those who are intelligently loyal to their own nation can most effectively help others.

2. Taught to love God's law (v. 3).

"Taught according to the perfect manner of the law of the fathers." Love for the Bible is a valuable asset in life. To be destitute of love and reverence for God's Word is to be out on life's ocean without chart or compass.

3. He was zealous toward God (v. 3).

His heart and soul went out toward God with great enthusiasm. The root meaning of the word "zealous" is "to boil." It means a passion for God and His work. It was zeal for God that made Saul think of and plan for His work.

II. Saul Hears the Voice of Jesus (Acts 22:9, 10).

It was while on his way to Damascus with authority to arrest and imprison Christ's disciples that he heard a voice from heaven saying: "Why persecuteth thou Me?" It was this sight of the living Christ that wrought the change in Saul.

III. Saul Thoroughly Conscientious (Acts 26:9, 10).

In his conscientiousness he opposed Jesus, for he regarded Him as an impostor. Saul is to be commended in that he respected his conscience, but he is condemned for his attitude toward Jesus. Conscience is the law of life for every man, but it needs to be regulated by God's Word.

IV. Stephen's History (6:1-5).

In order to understand the significance of Stephen's martyrdom, a synthetic view should be obtained of his life.

1. Chosen as a deacon (6:1-7). He was one of the seven men appointed to look after the temporalities of the church.

2. Why Stephen was opposed (6:8-15). In his work of charity he testified of Jesus Christ and by the Holy Spirit wrought miracles. These mighty deeds aroused the people. The following features characterized him: (1) Wisdom. He was a man of common sense. (2) Grace. He was a beautiful character. (3) Power. He had the ability to do wonders and great signs, and he spake the truth effectively. The men who opposed him were not able to resist the wisdom and the spirit by which he spoke. Not being able to withstand him, they arrested and brought him before the great council. Even here they could not silence him by argument, so they decided to do it by violence.

V. Stephen's Martyrdom (7:54-60).

Stephen made a magnificent defense before the council. This he did by tracing the history of Israel from the call of Abraham to the crucifixion of Christ. His aim was to show that God had never been localized and that the temple was but a small part of God's plan. He did not speak against the temple, but showed that God did not in the full sense dwell in it at any time. This contention he proved from Scripture (Isa. 61:1, 2; I Kings 8:27). In his conclusion he declared that the Jews had always resisted the Holy Spirit. Now their stubbornness had reached its culmination in the betrayal, rejection and murder of the Son of God. This charge cut to the heart. His arguments were unanswerable. In this hour of trial God gave him a wonderful vision. He was permitted to look into heaven itself where he beheld the glorified Son of Man standing by the right hand of God.

VI. Saul Consenting Unto Stephen's Death (8:1-3).

The very ringleader in this persecution was Saul. Stephen's death was described as falling asleep. Devout men buried him, making great lamentation over him.

Miss Ruby McLeod
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Fire, Tornado, Casualty, Automobile, Bonds
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Telephone 344

FLY-TOX is protecting millions of homes from mosquito invasion. The entire home can be freed from mosquitoes in two minutes. Take an improved FLY-TOX Hand Sprayer and spray FLY-TOX toward and against the ceiling until the finely atomized spray reaches every part of the room. Also spray the hangings, closets and screens. It is absolutely stainless, safe, fragrant, sure and easy to use. FLY-TOX is the scientific product developed at the Mellon Institute of Industrial Research by Rex Fellowship. Every bottle guaranteed.—Adv.

Dyre-Kent Drug Co. "Has It"

HON. JEFF BUSBY
(Member of Congress)

That Jeff Busby has made the people a good, efficient and capable Representative in Congress, everyone agrees. There is good reason why he acquired this reputation. He has served everyone faithfully and well. He has acquired the reputation among his fellow Members of Congress of being a close student and regular in his attendance to business. He is recognized among them for his ability and his information pertaining to the affairs of government.

In addition to the part he has taken in legislation that has affected the country as a nation, he has done much for the State of Mississippi and his District.

In 1924 a yellow negro, Perry W. Howard, was elected by the Republican party head of its organization in Mississippi. That placed him in position to name all persons to receive appointments as postmasters, rural carriers, etc. Mr. Busby alleged in speeches before Congress that Howard, the Redmonds, Boozes, Moon, negro law partner of Howard, and other like characters had thoroughly organized Mississippi "so as to most carefully and advantageously make sale of all Federal patronage."

He appealed to Congress to join him and pass laws which would break up this shameful and disgraceful negro organization. In his speech he said:

"It little concerns me which wing of the Republican party in my State has the upper hand of things. I am not advocating the cause of any of them. I am advocating the cause of the honor of Mississippi and of upright Mississippians. I am advocating the cause of government without corruption; of national honor untinged by the putrid practices of a gang of low, mercenary characters permitted to gain and remain in power, and to convert their Nation's honor and their party's integrity into shame and disgrace for profit."

Mr. Busby at first met opposition, but he fought on for his State and people until their cause was recognized. He secured the passage of laws to make it a crime, and punishable by $1,000.00 fine, one year in the penitentiary, or both, for any person to sell or offer to sell any Federal position, not only in Mississippi but throughout the Nation. The people of Mississippi and of Mr. Busby's district will not forget this great service he rendered to clean government.

He has rendered a splendid service to the people who receive their mail on rural routes. New routes and extensions are easy to get now because he makes the fight each year for sufficient money to put them on. More than one thousand families in the District have been given mail delivery through the efforts of Mr. Busby.

He secured the erection of a post office building at Water Valley at a cost of $45,000.00.

He has secured the erection of a post office building for Kosciusko to cost $65,000.00. This building will be constructed as soon as it can be reached in the Federal building program.

He secured establishment of mail car and messenger from Okolona to Calhoun City at an added cost of $7,000.00 a year to the government. This added compensation enables the railroad to keep a passenger scehdule on the road, which without the mail car would be discontinued.

He has rendered valuable assistance to Ex-Service men with their bonus, disability claims and insurance.

He has worked and voted for Farm Legislation at every opportunity whenever he believed the farm relief offered would help the farmers of the South and not injure them.

He spoke and voted for the restricted immigration bill to keep the objectionable foreign peoples out of our country.

He has been present every day Congress was in session since he became a Member. He has answered every letter received from any constituent.

He is better prepared now to render our people, the State and Nation service than when first elected. Every business man knows that training and experience are absolutely essential.—Houston Times-Post. (Political Advertisement.)

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Board met July 2 with all members, clerk and sheriff present.

Reports of Demonstration Agent, Economics Agent, Superintendent Education, Health Officer, Negro Demonstration Agent, accepted.

Report of County Depository.

Beat 1 Road $8,803.01, Beat 2 Road, $5,546.61; Beat 3 Road $4,786.26; Beat 4 Road $4,938.24; Beat 5 Road $3,349.29; Beats 1 2 3 4 Int and Bond $2,349.83; Beat 1 Bond $8,047.74; Beat 3 Bond $2,022.72; Beat 4 Bond $2,997.33; Bt. Int and Bond $4,706.05; Beat 1 Hardsurface Road $4,301.38; Bond Tax Sinking $10,895.43; Calvary School Bond $190.35, Fairground School $1.32; Game $1,536.84; Gore Springs School $951.25; Gore Springs, Sinking $1,880.95; Gore Springs Hardsurfaced Sep. Road $559.06; Graysport Sep. Road Maintenance .71; Graysport Sep. Road Bond $1,060.56; Wolfe Hardy School $232.45; Holcomb School $1,467.50; Holcomb Sinking $1,602.02; Institute $10.61; Loan Warant $15.82; Pension $511.52; Rural School House Imp. $180.85; Common School $7,493.39; Auto License $396.51; School House Improvement $2.26; Tie Plant School 802.94; Beat 1 Goza Brooks Hardurface Road $80.20; General $6,-56.53; Road and Bridge $1,332.49; 6th Section School $6,213.38; Elott School $1,115.65.

Tax commissioner requested to rant tax assessor extension of 30 ays in which to file assessment olls.

8.00 per month for 4 months appropriated for support of Laura IcLeod, poor colored person, in ubercular sanitorium.

Following claims allowed:

K. Mattingly, J. H. James, W. . Horton, B. W. Smith, W. W. Vhitaker, each $96.00 for inspecting roads, G. R. Fulton $250.00, Miss Ozella O'Bannon $150.00, Gus Henderson $50.00, S. C. Mims, Jr. 75.00, Dr. T. J. Brown $50.00, W. I Crowder $183.33, Peter Carew 40 00 Salary for June.

Grenada Hospital, charity patients $50.00, Grenada Col. Relief ociety, paupers $64.00, J. T. homas, Upkeep Col. Relief Home 50.00, Mrs. W. H. Payne, paupers Mattie Curry) $8.00, G. D Thomson, stamps $1.00, W. H. Kirk, xcess tax on Peacock land $2.15, arl C. White, Auditor's services 2 ays $41.00, G. D. Thomason, cost n lunacy case $6.20, I. M. Stevens, ac Semmes, R W. Mullin, Chas. ickfold, J. D. Dyre, J. L. Adams, 1.00 each for jury service.

E. Davis, excess tax on Golliday and $4.05, R. E. Perry, 3 days lection commissioner $9.00, W. D. almon, 3 days election commissioner $9.00, Joe H. Harris, 3 days lection commissioner $9.00, Lafayette Atkinson, Stamps $5.00, V. . James, County Registrar six months $125.00, Miss. Power and ight Co., lights for courthouse nd jail $29.44, Salmon & Kimrough, Paupers expense $5.64, F. . Nason, conveying lunatic to ackson $21.61, F. S. Nason, conveying prisoners $16.40, F. S. Nason, Brooms $6.00, F. S. Nason, onveying prisoners $10.20, F. S. Jason, conveying prisoners $28.00, . S. Nason, Stamps $5.00, F. S. Jason, Victualizing prisoners $84.-0, J. H. Jackson $3.25, Grenada entinel $208.58, J. H. Jackson 6.00, G. D. Thomason, services 6 onths as clerk and auditor $875.-0, Sou. Bell Tel and Tel Co. Telephone $42.22, City Lumber Co., undry account $2.70, City Water ept. water $2.28.

Game Fund: Bob Hall $50.00, C. . Gibson $25.00, John Gray $25.-0 salary.

Common School Fund: Lafayette tkinson, salary $179.00.

Beat One Road Fund: Mrs. lyrtle Boyd, rent on garage $26.-0, W. D. Salmon, Road Commissioner $35.00, Guy Marter $150.00, . L. Middleton $125.00, R. J.

(Continued on page 4)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:-

To William R. Moore Dry Goods Company, Post Office Box 214, Memphis, Tennessee; Mascari Bros., 313 South Wagner Street, Memphis, Tennessee; Stratton & Terstegge Company, Main at 15th Street, Louisville, Kentucky; St. Louis Independent Packing Company, 3817 Chouteau Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri; D. Canale & Company, Huling Station, Memphis, Tennessee; Austin Clothing Company, 113 Union Avenue, Memphis, Tennessee; Iten Biscuit Company, 1070 Florida Avenue, Memphis, Tennessee; Mills, Morris & Company, 171 South Dudley Street, Memphis, Tennessee; Reed & Duecker, 171 North Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee; The Blanton Company, Spruce Street at 1st and 2nd Streets, St. Louis, Missouri; Wilson & Company, General Delivery, Kansas City, Missouri:

You are summoned to appear before the Chancery Court of the County of Grenada in said State on the second Monday of August, 1928, to defend the suit No. 4360 in said Court of J. B. Keeton, Receiver of the Estate of E. O. Pettigrew, Assignor, wherein you are Defendants.

This 3rd day of July, A. D., 1928.

G. D. THOMASON, Chancery Clerk.

7 6 3t

ONE IN TEN

Neglecting a little wound, cut or abrasion of the flesh may in nine cases out of ten cause no great suffering or inconvenience, but it is the one case in ten that causes blood poisoning, lockjaw or a chronic festering sore. The cheapest, safest and best course is to disinfect the wound with liquid Borozone and apply the Borozone Powder to complete the healing process. Price (liquid) 30c, 60c and $1.20. Powder 30c and 60c. Sold by

CORNER DRUG STORE

DIZZY
Lost Appetite

Mr. M. F. Fink, of Harrisburg, N. C., says: "It must have been fully twenty-five years ago that I began taking Black-Draught regularly.

"I was in town one day, and while talking to a friend I stooped over to pick up something. When I straightened up, I felt dizzy. I spoke to him about this and how I had not felt like eating.

"My friend told me to take some Black-Draught. I knew my mother had used it, and so I bought a package. When I got home, I took a good, big dose, and the next night, another. In a few days I felt much better.

"A good many times I have had this dizziness and a bad taste in my mouth, or headaches, and then I take Black-Draught and get better. I do not have to take it very often. We buy from five to seven packages a year." Try it!

EX-197

Thedford's BLACK-DRAUGHT for Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness

MY POOR FEET

Quick sure **RELIEF** *for*

Certain forms of eczema, ring worm, tetter, poison oak, etc. Fine for itching feet and cracked toes. Try it.

They burn, they itch; they're cracked. They're *killing* me.

Don't scratch. Don't suffer. Just get one bottle of Q B Skin Aid. Works wonders. Used for years. Praised by thousands.

QB SKIN AID

A clean, greaseless, non-staining liquid prepared especially for skin troubles. Sold for years. Recommended by all that use it because it stops the itching, allays pain and assists natural healing.

Made by J. W. QUINN DRUG CO. Greenwood, Miss.

60c

For large bottle at your Drug Dealer

In Tube with Pile Pipe Attachment, 75c; in tin box, 60c.

PAZO OINTMENT

is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles or money refunded.

Dyre-Kent Drug Co. "Has It"

Dyre-Kent Drug Co. "Has It" | Dyre-Kent Drug Co. "Has It"

OAKLAND

Announces the Appointment of

C. A. PERRY MOTOR CO.
Grenada, Miss.

WE announce with pleasure the appointment of a new local dealer who has been selected because we believe his organization will reflect the high standards Oakland has set for selling and servicing its motor cars.

Call on this new dealer. Ask him to show you the Oakland All-American Six, the new car that has won the admiration of all America.

See also the New Series Pontiac Six, with its vivid new style and scores of engineering advancements, including 4-wheel brakes, at no increase in price.

And remember that this new dealer is authorized to sell Good Will Used Cars, available only through Oakland-Pontiac dealers and offering thoroughly dependable transportation at remarkably low prices.

Whether or not you are planning to buy, the Oakland-Pontiac dealer will welcome your visit to his salesroom at any time. Stop in and see him!

OAKLAND MOTOR CAR COMPANY, PONTIAC, MICHIGAN

OAKLAND All-American Six $1045 to $1265

The New Series PONTIAC SIX $745 to $875

All Prices at Factory

OAKLAND-PONTIAC

PRODUCTS OF GENERAL MOTORS Sixes

The Ward of Robbers' Roost

By CRITTENDEN MARRIOTT

W. G. Chapman, WNU Service

THE STORY

CHAPTER I.—Possessing characteristics that have earned him the nickname "Go Ahead," George Morton, Virginian, is the recipient of a communication (intended for his father, who is in the East) from Tom "Fair," asking the senior Morton, for sake of old friendship, to send some one to rescue his foster daughter, Stella, a relative of the Mortons, from a band of outlaws of whom "Fair" is the leader. "Fair" himself cannot bring her out, being watched by an enemy whom he designates only as "Jim." In the absence of his father, Go Ahead decides to go for Stella. As a cowboy, but with credentials as an official of the United States Secret Service, he leaves for Loboville, the place designated, with a colored attendant, Caesar.

CHAPTER II. — At "Robbers' Roost," the outlaws' stronghold, Fair explains the situation to Stella. The girl, eighteen years old, does not want to leave her adopted father or give up the free life she has led, more like a boy than a girl.

CHAPTER III.—Fair, at Jim Barker's direction (the "Jim" the outlaw had referred to, and the sheriff of the county) sends a gang to run a shipment of rifles and ammunition into Mexico and return with a consignment of whisky. He puts a man, Wade, whom he knows is his enemy, in charge. Unknown to Fair, Stella, with Wade's connivance, rides, dressed as a boy, with the whisky runners. Fair's messenger returns with the news that Go Ahead is on his way.

CHAPTER IV.—The bandits' errand is successful, and the party brings up at Barker's ranch. There Wade refuses to allow Stella to return to Robbers' Roost, making a proposal of marriage, which the girl refuses. Wade declares he will force her to marry him, and threatens to attack her. They struggle.

CHAPTER V.—Go Ahead comes on the scene, witnesses the struggle and overcomes Wade. He has no suspicion of Stella's sex. She tells him her name is "Bob." According to arrangements with Wade, Barker appears and is also disarmed by Go Ahead. A Portuguese cowboy, Diego, fires at Morton, and "Bob" escapes, to follow the gang to Robbers' Roost. Go Ahead also gets away and goes after the girl.

CHAPTER VI.—Stella overtakes the outlaws, her arrival astonishing those in the plot, but they say nothing. Jack Green joins them and learns from Stella of Go Ahead's presence at the ranch. He tells her who her rescuer is. Stella decides to return and rejoin Go Ahead. She is pursued. Go Ahead intercepts her.

CHAPTER VII.—The girl explains the situation and the two ride away from their pursuers together. By a ruse, they evade their enemies. Two of the bandits, lagging behind the rest, are made prisoners by Go Ahead, and the four set out for Loboville. Go Ahead asks "Bob" about Stella, but the girl does not undeceive him, though he tells her his mission. At Loboville, Barker's headquarters, the two arrange to stay at the house of a friend, Bridget.

CHAPTER VIII.—At the town, Go Ahead maliciously turns his prisoners over to Sheriff Barker as horsethieves. Barker, though staggered by having two of his followers given into his custody, has to accept the situation. Go Ahead sees Captain Carter, of the regular army, in the town, and knows he has a friend.

CHAPTER IX.—Bridget accepts Go Ahead as a true friend of Stella's, and is amused at the deception the girl has so successfully practiced, but she does not reveal "Bob's" sex. She tells Go Ahead she has heard from Fair and that Stella will be at the Barker ranch early next morning. Go Ahead assures her he will be there, and sets out alone for a visit to Barker.

CHAPTER X.—Barker has arranged for the escape of the two bandits captured by Go Ahead and sends them to Robbers' Roost to tell Wade that Stella has betrayed them, and ordering him to bring all the outlaws to a hiding place near the town. Go Ahead's appearance interrupts a confab of the sheriff with a confederate. Barker tells Go Ahead he is going to marry Stella—for the money he believes she is to have—and warns him not to interfere. Seemingly caught in a deadly trap set by Barker, Go Ahead is saved by the arrival of Captain Carter with "Bob." The girl has brought the army officer and so saved Morton's life.

CHAPTER XI

WADE, as Go Ahead had guessed from his bandaged head, had suffered more or less severely from Diego's ambush. And Diego had suffered also.

Wade had been the first to bolt through the door into the semi-obscurity of the corridor, and Diego had fired instantly without waiting to make sure who was coming. The bullet struck Wade high up in the forehead, passed through the skin, circled over the top of the skull, and went about its business, the shock knocking him over.

Barker, bursting out on Wade's heels, had already drawn his sheath knife, the only weapon that Go Ahead had left him, and this he hurled at Diego, or rather at the flash of Diego's pistol. The knife, however, went true, transfixing Diego's right arm and causing him to drop the pistol without firing a second shot.

All three, being then weaponless, stopped fighting, recognized each other, and counted up the damages.

Diego's wound, though painful, was not dangerous and did not disable him. Wade's wound was not disabling, either, and, if he had gone quietly to Robbers' Roost and had taken care of himself there, it probably would have given him little trouble. But the long chase in the blazing sun, the rage over his humiliation at Go Ahead's hands, and the final fury that possessed him when he found that Go Ahead and Stella had slipped through his hands in some inexplicable way, played hob with him.

Fever racked and exhausted, he at last got back to the Roost and tried to sleep, but for hours he could not, and when, about midnight, he did at last close his eyes, it was only to be awakened by the arrival of the two bandit messengers that Barker had sent.

He was in no condition and in no mood to listen quietly to the story they told nor to the message they brought. Quicker of comprehension than Barker, he grasped the essentials of the situation before the men had more than fairly begun their tale, and maddened by the fever in his veins and the trip-hammer throbbing in his brain, he sprang to his feet and rushed out of the cabin.

A moment more and the brazen alarm bell of Robbers' Roost sent its wild summons through the sleeping camp.

Up and out, from cave and from cabin, poured bandits, women, and children—all who went to make up the population of the Roost. Some came shivering, wild-eyed with fear; others came ready to fight for their lives. Never before in the history of the Roost had the bell rung in the night, and those who heard it knew that it betokened no light dangers.

With the others came Fair, half-dressed, buckling on his pistol belt. To Wade, still sounding the bell, he rushed.

"What's up?" he demanded.

Wade threw down the padded mallet and turned, glaring. "The whole show's up!" he raved. "You traitor! You and that girl of yours have sold us out."

Both men snatched at their revolvers, but Wade was a trifle the quicker. Two shots rang out; and Fair crumpled down.

All about sounded the click of revolvers. But Wade did not hear them or did not heed them. "It's true!" he yelled. "Word's just come from Jim Barker. Fair's girl is at Loboville with that man we were chasing today. He's a ranger or somethin'. She's mashed on him; and she's sold us out."

"That's a lie!" Hot faced, furious, Green broke through the

Both Men Snatched at Their Revolvers but Wade Was a Trifle the Quicker.

crowd. "That man's not a ranger or anything like it. He's Bob's cousin, come from the East to take her home with him and keep her out of Barker's clutches. Wade took her with him the other night to sell her to Barker. He tried to play a dirty trick on her at the J/B ranch, an' Go Ahead dropped in just in time to stop him and make monkeys of him an'—"

"Crack!" Green's voice broke—stopped. Desperately he tried to draw his gun. But Wade's bullet had gone too true. Midway of the effort he crumpled down beside Fair.

From the crowd a yell of rage sounded. But before action could follow, another man sprang forward, hands uplifted. "Hold on," he yelled. "Don't shoot! If we've been sold out we've got somethin' else to do besides killing each other. Don't kill any more till we know. We'll need all the men we've got if the doughboys are after us."

The words came as a douche of cold water to the maddened men, recalling them to a realization of their own danger. "That's right, Ames," cried a single voice. "What's up? Make Wade tell us!" And a roar of agreement went up.

Wade's passion still was high. "Bob's sold us out," he raved. "Barker sends word that she has, an' Green has just owned up to it. Barker says we've got just one chance. He says he knows that Bob has told this Go Ahead most everything; but he's not sure she's told him how to find the Roost yet or that he's passed it on to the soldiers. He and she are stayin' at Bridget's tonight, an' if we can get there before daylight we can catch 'em asleep and end things for good and all. Then the doughboys can go plumb to; they ain't never found the Roost an' they never will till somebody shows 'em the way. Who'll go with me to get 'em?"

Two-thirds of the men shouted acclaim; the rest were hesitant. On the outskirts of the crowd the wailing of the women sounded.

Wade guessed that some were holding back. "How many won't go?" he yelled. "How many sneaks and cowards have we got here? Speak up now! Show your colors."

No one spoke. To speak out alone was to face instant death, every one knew it. And to speak out with others would probably be to provoke a battle whose result no man could guess.

Wade's lips curled back from his teeth. "Nobody, eh," he cried. "All want to go? All right, we'll all go. Get your guns and horses and all the cartridges you can pack. Be back in five minutes. Any man that tries to hide and sneak out of going will be dragged out and hanged. Understand that all of you. Now go, quick!"

Like a covey of quail flushed by the dogs the men scattered. And in less than five minutes they were back again, mounted and ready. Wade, who was a born leader whatever else he may have been, rasped his orders.

"Omaha Kit, Broncho Smith Two-Gun Neal and Toady Pete will stay here to man the machine gun and hold the entrance. Black Ames will come along as my lieutenant. Where's Ames?"

"Here."

"All right. Start your men. Get 'em outside the valley. I'll follow as quick as I see that nobody's skulkin'."

Probably nobody skulked, though Wade made no attempt to search the camp to see. He believed that his words would be sufficient warning, and in any event he had no time to spare. Close behind the last man he rode out beneath the waterfall.

To the top of the column he raced. Straight ahead, Ames," he ordered. "You know the way. I'll hang behind an' see that no white-livered pup slips away. Get to the North Arroyo before dawn. Stop there while I see Barker. Go!"

It had taken five hours for Barker's messengers to reach the Roost; and it took all of five more for Wade's cavalcade to get to Loboville. Through the long ride Wade hung behind, now on one flank and now on the other, shepherding his men with sudden death lurking in his eyes. If any of the riders had thought to slip away they noted his vigilant figure and thought better of it, probably hoping for a safer chance later. The band reached the arroyo as strong as when it left the Roost.

Long before it arrived, Barker, almost as mad as Wade with anxiety, and denied the relief that Wade had obtained from vigorous exercise and imperative watchfulness, had quit his office and hurried to the rendezvous and back, not once but many times.

Barker had, in fact, more to lose than Wade or any other member of the bandit troop. Few of the latter were generally known and few of them had any important possessions to lose. If the worst came to the worst they could scatter to the four winds, leaving little behind. The Mexican border, close at hand, offered easy passage to safety. Some of them, perhaps, had become attached to their homes and women and children at the Roost and would regret losing them; but these were few and practically all of them would soon get over their regret.

Barker, on the other hand, had everything to lose. Years of success had made him overconfident; he had thought that he could never be displaced; and he had made no provision for the future by hiding or investing his booty and graft elsewhere. And his doom had come upon him so suddenly that he had had no time to remove it. Only that morning he had been a king, ruler over this domain, with none to dispute his power. And then, in the space of a score of hours, Go Ahead had swept the ground from under his feet and brought him face to face with utter ruin.

Half a day longer, if Go Ahead lived, would complete his destruction—and, even if Go Ahead did not live, the web about him had become so close that the most that he could hope to do was to save something from the wreck. Backward and forward, from office to arroyo, he wandered, straining his eyes and his ears for anything that would betoken the coming of the band.

And when at last it came he was there to meet it.

"Wade!" he called. "That you? . . . . Bully! The sun'll be up in half and hour. You ain't got a minute to lose."

"Everything all right?"

"Yes. All right if you move quick. They're at Bridget's, fast asleep. Move quiet. The soldiers are at the other end of the town, but you don't want to wake them."

Wade shook his bridle reins. "You goin' with us?" he questioned.

"No, I mustn't be seen. I'll be at the office to look out for things in case of trouble. Hurry!"

Five minutes later Bridget's was surrounded, and Wade, with half a dozen helpers, was raging through the rooms, holding up the sleeping men, questing the place for Go Ahead and Stella—and not finding them.

At last he found Bridget. And she laughed at him.

"Faith!" she said. "It's too late entirely you are. I'm thinkin' that it's too late you always are in dealin' with Go Ahead an' Bob. It's half a dozen hours since they went away."

Bridget shrugged her shoulders. She could make allowance for Wade's condition and for his disappointment. "Search for yourself," she invited. "But you won't find them. It's the truth I'm tellin' you."

"Where did they go?"

"Sure, they didn't tell me." The words were literally true. They had not told her; she had told them.

"Wade's pistol went up. "Tell me quick!" he ordered. Tell or—"

"They didn't tell me! Sure, wouldn't they be the foolish ones to tell me when they knew you were comin' to ask?"

"They didn't know it."

"Then why did they go away with the soldiers, leavin' two doughboys to satisfy whoever might be watchin' about the house? . . . Oh! You needn't be lookin' for them soldier boys; they went away an hour or two later. . . . It's beaten you are, an' if you'll take an old woman's advice the quicker you get away from here an' out of the country the better it'll be for you. An' that's the God's truth."

A man—one of Barker's men—burst into the room. "Barker's here looking for you, Captain," he cried. "Somebody's just 'phoned from the ranch that the man an' Bob are there."

(To be continued)

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

(Continued from page 3)

Sykes $100.00, Arch Owens $100.-0, Tom Harris $150.00, W. L. Sykes $24.50 salary.

Roy Bickerstaff salary use W. D. Salmon $80.50, Bud Lance $100.-00 salary, W. A. Martindale $70.00, E. J. Costilow $14.00, J M Cooley $141.50, Jim Adams $8.00, W. C Sykes $21.00, L. R. Elmore $16.25 road work, Roberts Hdwe Co sundry account, sundry account $18.29.

Grenada Motor co. $15.96, J. H. ackson $5.50, Panhandle Oil Co. $45.80, 111 Service Station $33.75, John P. Gates Road Mach. Co. $82.46, Crown Service Station $15.-00, Alwin Juchheim $42.15 sundry account, Panhandle Oil Co. oil $43.84, The Munson Road Mach. Co. Supplies $32.54, Best Service Station, Repairs to tractor $5.45, The Texas Company, gas and oil $288.28, The Dixie Culvert and Metal Co. culverts $338.80.

Beat Two Road Fund: S. E. Gilon, salary $20.00, John C. Conley, road work $94.50, Homer Trussell ragging road $13.00, J. J. Smith, 10.50, T. E. Bowen $75.00, Walter Bowen $30.00, W. H Clanton $90.-0, road work.

A. R. Flowers, cutting trees out of road $3.00, Cole Pittman, road work $19.00, McKinley Curington, work on truck $2.00, W. E. Bowen, road work use City Lumbr Co., $88.00, The Dixie Culvert and Metal Co. culverts $218.68.

Beat Thrae Road Fund: John Henley bal. on May account $6.00, M. V. McCormick, $7.75, Will Hendricks $3.00, Ed McMahon $4.00 road work, L. E. Alldread, shop work $10.00, C. L. Clark $47.50, G. C. Trustp $94.50, John Harbin, $25.00, W. R. Cohea $12.50, Walter Bowen use City Lumber Co. $190.00, E. P. Jones $5.00 road work, J. T. Spears, commissioner's salary $62.50, Dixie Culvert and Metal Co. culverts $225.92,

Beat Four Road Fund: W. H. Carpenter, road work $12.00, C. M. Geeslin, patrol $130.00, John Harbin patrol $130.00, J. I. Mitchell, commissioner's salary $50.00 J. B. Strider $14.60, Walter Strider $3.30 hauling gravel, The Dixie Culvert Metal Co. culverts $1041.-84.

Beat 5 Road Fund: J. A. Rice, salary $130.00, Jack Keenum salary on truck $210.00, Wallace Cresswell $2.50, Jim Wiggins $5.00 Henry Bibb $5.00, road work, V. C. Fonville, cutting tree out of road $1.00, Holcomb Garage, gas and oil $2.05, H. H. Ray, gas $1.05, Standard Oil Co. gas $18.20, Dixie Culvert and Metal Co culverts $24.66.

Road and Bridge Fund: Jack Thompson $14.00, W. R. Cohea $5.-50, Charlie Vanstory $25.00, W. H Tharpe $4.00, G. M. Geeslon $8.00, Frank Thomas $16.00, W. B Rook $4.00 bridge work, Guy Sultan, Lumber and bridge work $9.00, G. C. Childs, bridge work $4.00, Grenada Grocery Co. mdse $3.60, Roberts Hdwe Co. mdse $5.85, G. R. Glotfelter, bal on contract Bogue bridge $500.00, Grenada Hardwood Co., lumber $150.00, John Willie Bowen, Jr. lumber $38.52, M. S. Tilghman, hauling lumber $4.00.

W V. Horton and W. W. Whitaker appointed to go over new road in beat 2 petitioned for by J. H. James et al.

Election commissioners reported election held June 30 to increase school tax levy to 5 mills resulted in 143 for increase and 282 against. Levy ordered to remain at 1½ mills as at present.

Tuesday, July 3, present same as yesterday except K. Mattingly and G. D. Thomason.

$32.50 paid supt. education out of county school fund for amount due since March 26 on salary increase made by legislature.

$8.00 each appropriated per month for use of Hallie Johnson and Jim Williams, blind paupers.

Petition of W. D. Merritt, et al, for election to add certain election ordered for July 28.

We, the Board of Supervisors, went as a body and made an inspection of the county jail and find same in a fair condition and prisoners properly cared for.

K. Mattingly, B. W. Smith, J. H. James, W. V. Horton.

Appointments of Jack Smith in beat 4 and H. H. Marter in beat 2 as deputy game wardens approved.

Following accounts allowed:

W. H. Tharpe, J. P. Havens, O. H. Perry, R. L. Rouse, J. R. Parker H. G. Williams, J. N. Roberts, H. A. Clark, Miss Anna Belle Clark, Miss Della Merritt, A. F. Clark, R. B. Thomason, Mrs. Inman Rounsaville, Mrs. Lelia Rounsaville, Mrs. Martha Thomason, W. W. Rounsaville, R. V. Nason, J. L. Tribble, each $1.00 for election officers.

H. H. Marter, J. W. Gray, I. G. Rounsaville, W D Singleton, each $1.00 for election officers.

Ed Holcomb, W H Martin, J P Arnold, J D Emmons, E C Staten, Mrs E C Staten, Mrs. H. D Staten, G P Cunningham, B L Harris, J N Smith, J T Conner, Mrs V A Browning, M P Denley, W V Dubard, W A Nail, E L Brooks, J W Lassiter, J J Nichols J. N Estes L Shaw, W N Estes, John E Martin, M V Rose, Mrs. Eggleston, Mrs Susie O Horton Pink Horton, W P Blakely, S A Neal, M. Minafore, G. W. Frazier, J C James, J M Wood, H. T. Childs, W B Rook, Mrs S E Gillon, Mrs. Guy Fite, W. B Winter, W R Baker, Miss Allene Bridgers, Mrs. W A Winter, Dr F B Coats, each $1.00 for election officers.

W E O'Brien, L M Moore, J H Bull, R W Caffey, Edwin Clark, W B Winter, J C Whitten, each $3.00 election officers.

W H Gully, W E Smith, T W Goodwin, M G Goodwin Mrs. J T Spears, T H McMahon, Mrs. Willie Marter, J L Koonce, J C Schmitz R H McCormick, E C Hayward, W C Schmitz S J Aven, each $1.00 for election officers.

J T Spears, W H McCormick,, each $3.00 for election officers.

Following claims allowed:

General fund: K Mattingly, J H James, W V Horton, B W Smith, W W Whitaker, each $12.00 2 days per diem, G. D. Thomason, clerk $10.00 2 days per diem, F S Nason, sheriff 2 days per diem $4.00, W M Mitchell atty, for board for June $50.00.

Following list of persons selected as Jurors of Grenada county, Mississippi, for the ensuing twelve months said list of persons having been selected as provided by law, said list being as follows:

Beat One: J. F. Gibbs, R. F. Hubert, H. R. Gammon, A. P. Mitchell, A. A. Morris, E. F. Pettigrew, T. E. Heath, J. E. Clark, J. E. Huffington, M. T. Davis, H. D. Mays, J. D. Moss, J. M. Frost, R. G. Ellmore, W. L. Goza, W. E. Johnson, G. M. Lawrence, J. R. Bailey, J. C. Garner, C. H. Neely, W. T. Hill, Joe D. Mitchell, B. C. Fracy, E. L. Gerard, T. F. Jones, A. L. Echols, J. C. Irby, C. A. Perry, Geo. B. Jordan, W. K. Huffington, W. T. Moss, E. L. Bass, S. L. Bosworth, J. R. Corliss, R P. Burt, R. S. Chapius, V. A. Browning, S. O. Martin, T. G. Goza, J. L. Goza, R. F. Austin, L P. Horton, L. M. Moore, L. A. Avent, F. T. Gerard, H. C. Morris, J. S. George, J. B. Perry, C. P. Irby, W. B. Martin, H. D. Horn, C. E. Lockett, J. C. Prose, Geo. R. Grant, J. M. Morris, T. E. Neely, A. F. Bailey, Frank Anderson, R. A. Minter, C. F. Goodwin, W. T. Rose, Jr., J. T. Gum, C. D. Boushe, W. H. Joiner, H. W. Baker, T. W. McCaulla, B. J. Anderson, S. A. Prather, T. J. Hallam, J. L. Hill, E. C. Neely, F. R. Lickfold, Jr., M. McKibben, D. B. Brown, R. C. Trusty, C. R. Lott, W. B. Hoffa, J. M. Beckum, B. F. Echols, B. B. Bingham, Clark Gentry, E. O. Pettigrew, R. L. Bingham, W. E. Seals, J. W. Lassiter, L. A. Dubard, L. Friedman, G. W. Lambert, G. C. Darby, B. W. McElwrath, J. H. Biddy, B. O. Fields, S. H. Brewer, J J. Nichols, S. M. Brown, C. H. Calhoun, J. B. Horn, L. C. Proby, H. A. Patterson, T F. Houston, H. W. Caffey, L. W. Heath, E. E. Penn, R. S. Anderson, A. D. Collins, W. M. Estes, J. F. Gordon, D. W. Wright, L. L. Allison, A. J. McCracken.

Beat Two: P. M. Cianton, W. B. Rook, L. L. Frazier, W. W. Koonce, W. A. Dixon, W. G. Martin, T. E. Hill, W. A. Neal, A. J. Marter, A. J. Martin, C. H. Caffey, G. E. Chamberlain, R. W. Caffey, S. A. Neal, J. E. Bowen, J. L. Neal, T. F. Weir, R. E. Christopher, C. H. Caffey, J. L. Tharpe, T. T. Hayward, J. J. Smith, J. P. Abel, Urban James, J. D. Blakeley, W. L. Worsham, J. E. Carpenter, W. L. Caffey, Gifford Childs, S. L. Sullivan, H. B. Childs, W. E. Abel, J. C. Cohea, T. J. Marter, T. P. Haile, F. B. Martin, W. A. Dixon, Sr., J. D. Smith, Evans Lamon, H. I. James, W. H. Tharpe, J. P. Haven, C. L. Trussell, E. L. James, W. H. Woods, Edwin Clark, H. C. Childs, W. E. Bowen.

Beat Three: J. H. Gray, C. O. Cohea, W. H. Spurgeon, W. J. Clark, J. G. Cozart, A. F. Clark, W. C. Jacks, J. S. Henley, W. H. Clark, W. M. Yeager, A. V. Clark, Will Hendricks, R. A. Gray, James P. Gray, W. P. Schmitz, A. C. Vickery, W. R. Merritt, W. G. Rounsaville, C. P. Hubbard, R. L. Floyd, H. A. Clark, J. N. Roberts, H. T. Brannon, J. R. Evans, C. G. Costiow, W. M. Horton, Windham Jacks, J. L. Koonce, G. R. Evans, M. O. Gray, T. W. Anderson.

Beat Four: I. G. Rounsaville, Earl Schmitz, T. H. Meek, J. S. Purdie, C. M. Geeslin, Henry F. Carpenter, W. R. Baker, D. V. Martin, R. W. Mullin, W. D. Ingram, W. A. Winter, S. A. Harris, F. C. Romberger, A. A. Rounsaville, W. C. Keelin, Thos. S. Schmitz, W. E. Brunson, Burns Mitchell, Jimmie Harris, S. H. Kiser, T. J. Cole, S. C. Mims, W. W. Rounsaville, T. W. Goodwin, W. E. Strider, R. S. Ingram.

Beat Five: G. P. Cunningham, Joe Ward, A. Hudson, E. C. Staten, J. D. Emmons, Vernon Maxey, R. M. Ray, C. H. Cunningham, C. V. Gibson. C. D, Gibson, W. T. Turner, J. E. Keener, H. S. Norris, C. T. Wiggins, S. B. K. Maxwell, T. C. Staten.

B. W. Smith and W. V. Horton recommended that road in Beat 5 petitioned for by Mrs. C. H. Winter, et al be built with road funds and that three foot culvert be used instead of bridge. Report adopted and road ordered as recommended.

Board adjourned.

J. H. James, Pres.

SENATOR STEPHENS MAKES FIRST SPEECH AT CLEVELAND IN SENATORIAL CAMPAIGN

(Continued from page 1)

that it is really unworthy of notice and I apologize for even referring to it.

No Embarrassment Wanted.

May I express the wish that no friends of mine will embarrass my opponent by asking him about his official record, what he has accomplished in the more than five years he has been in Congress. Of course it is his duty to discuss his record, for the people are entitled to know it. If he has done this the information has not reached me. He should do this, for it would impose too great a hardship on any one to find it although the Congressional Record is indexed pretty well. Searching for his record would be as tedious as searching for the proverbial needle in the hay stack.

In an earnest desire to be informed I caused an investigation to be made. I shall refer very briefly to his record. In fact, that is the only way in which it can be referred to. The sum total of his work, as reported to me, is this: Only one bill introduced has become a law; he has introduced many bills but has never appeared before any of the committees to which they were referred and requested their consideration, although the committees have a rule that no bill will be considered unless the author requests it; he has made a few speeches; he has voted on some measures, and, of course, he has drawn his salary.

It is on this record that he asks to be elected senator. Is that the record of "a workman that needeth not to be ashamed?" Is it one of which any friend of his can feel proud? Is it one that he has been willing to discuss before the people? Is it one that entitles him to the promotion he is seeking, or one that holds any promise of faithful, efficient service?

What evidence of statesmanship does it contain? Real statesmanship is as much an industry, as much a business as any trade, profession or pursuit of men. It is the duty of the statesman to give his attention to the affairs of state, to work earnestly and faithfully. Approbation is not given for great talents, but for good works. Wages are due the laborer, not the idler.

It has always been my desire to serve. My time has been employed in matters that I believed to be of interest and benefit to the people of the state. It is not for me to say how effective my work has been. But, I can say that the record shows that I have worked. As a member of some of the greatest committees of the Senate I have had a part in the enactment of much important legislation. My present assignments are judiciary, commerce, immigration and claims. Every well informed person knows the importance of these committees.

TO THE PEOPLE OF GRENADA

In my opinion you are the finest on earth and our city the most beautiful. It is my ambition to make it the safest. This I can not do without your cooperation. I did not make the laws but you have elected me to enforce them. Won't you help me?

Faithfully yours,
J. D. CRENSHAW,
City Marshal
Grenada, Miss., July 3, 1928.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our feeling of gratitude for all sympathy extended toward us by our many friends in our great grief over the loss of our dear son and brother.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Williams and Family.

DR. C. K. BAILEY
DENTIST
Office Over Heath Bros'. Store Facing Main Street
GRENADA, MISS.

Miss Ruby McLeod
INSURANCE
Fire, Tornado, Casualty, Automobile, Bonds
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CHEVROLET

The World's BIGGEST Automobile at such low prices

THE sensational popularity of the Bigger and Better Chevrolet is due in great measure to the fact that it is the biggest automobile in the world available at such amazing low prices.

The 107" wheelbase is of vital significance in a low-priced car. For it means that the buyer can now secure the balance and roadability that only a longer wheelbase can provide—plus the restful comfort of ample room for both driver and passengers.

Come in for a demonstration—and bring the family along!

The COACH $585

The Touring or Roadster $495
The Coupe $595
The 4-Door Sedan $675
The Convertible Sport Cabriolet $695
The Imperial Landau $715
Light Delivery (Chassis Only) $375
Utility Truck (Chassis Only) $520

All prices f. o. b. Flint, Mich.

Removal of War Tax Lowers Delivered Prices!

MOSS CHEVROLET COMPANY

Phone 300 Sales and Service Grenada, Miss.

QUALITY AT LOW COST

LOCAL, SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Bowen-Thomas.

Two families long known in Grenada county affairs were united Wednesday, July 3, when Miss Pauline Thomas, daughter of Mr. Lon Thomas, of Elliott, became the bride of Mr. Tommie Gene Bowen, son of Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Bowen, of the Providence community, 15 miles east of Grenada. Rev. D. H. Crowson, Methodist minister of Pittsboro, said the ceremony which took place at his home. The bride had been on a visit to Millport, Ala. and she met her husband to be at Pittsboro where the event was solemnized.

Mrs. Bowen is a young woman charming in many ways. She is attractive in person and in manner and possesses those attributes so essential to the making of a real home. She has received that training since childhood that goes to make the good wife and helpmeet and her husband should consider himself fortunate in having won her heart and hand.

Mr. Bowen is connected with the Crown Service Station in Grenada. Since moving to Grenada, he has made himself popular with all who have come in contact with him. His ready smile, his geniality and his obliging and accommodating disposition have won for him many friends. He enjoys the confidence of his employer as well as that of the business public with whom he deals.

The Sentinel joins in extending congratulations and best wishes to the happy pair.

* * *

Luncheon for Visitors.

On Wednesday, June 27, at one o'clock, Miss Thelma Jackson, in her own inimitable manner, entertained at a three-course bridge luncheon honoring her house guest, Miss Mary Belle Stollenwerck, of Faunsdale, Ala., and Miss Mary Louise McLeod, of Columbus, guest of her sister, Mrs. Roy Burt.

The rooms were lovely with bright cut flowers. Baskets of exquisite pink radiance roses graced the tables where unique place cards designated the following players:

Misses Mary Belle Stollenwerck, Mary Louise McLeod, Agnes Trusty, Chloe Lufkin, Edith Pearson, Elizabeth Miller Eddlemann, Virginia Horton, Marianne Crenshaw and Mary Patton Wilkins and Mrs. Sam Hall Garner, Mrs. Spivey Kent, and the charming hostess.

High score prize, a pretty jar of bath salts, went to Miss McLeod. Low score, a manicure set, fell to Miss Agnes Trusty. Attractive dorines were presented the honorees, Misses Stollenwerck and McLeod.

* * *

Honors Lovely Visitors.

On Tuesday morning Miss Agnes Trusty delightfully entertained at three tables of bridge honoring Miss Shirley Vance of Oxford, and Miss Mary Belle Stollenwerck, of Faunsdale, Ala.

A delicious salad course was served as a refreshment. The lucky high score winner was Miss Mary Louise McLeod, who received a dorine. A pretty bottle of perfume and an attractive dorine were presented to the honor guests.

The players were: Misses Mary Belle Stollenwerck, Shirley Vance, Mary Louise McLeod, Mary Patton Wilkins, Thelma Jackson, Virginia Jane Bass, Lucy Talbert, Lillian Perry, Frances Maude Davis, Elizabeth Miller Eddlemann and Louise Hoffa and the gracious young hostess.

* * *

Honors Visitor from Alabama.

Saturday afternoon Miss Mary Louise McLeod graciously entertained with two tables of bridge, complimenting Miss Mary Belle Stollenwerck, of Faunsdale, Ala., the charming guest of Miss Thelma Jackson.

A delightful salad course was beautifully served as a refreshment.

The prize for high score went to Miss Mary Patton Wilkins and the honor guest was given a handsome deck of cards.

Those making up the tables, besides Miss Stollenwerck, were Misses Thelma Jackson, Agnes Trusty, Chloe Lufkin, Mary Patton Wilkins; Elizabeth Miller Eddlemann, Marianne Crenshaw and the lovely hostess.

* * *

Groves-Kitts.

Sunday, June 24, marriage vows were solemnized between Mrs. Lillie Kitts of Grenada and Mr. George Groves, a prosperous farmer of the Hopewell neighborhood, Yalobusha County, Rev. J. H. Holder of the Methodist church officiating.

Mr. Groves bears the reputation of being a most worthy citizen. His bride is well known in Grenada where she has made many good friends and the best wishes of the community go out to her and her husband that they may have a happy voyage through life.

(Note: The above should have appeared last week, but is just another one of those cases where a news item is overlooked or left out in the "make-up".)

* * *

Ray-Delap.

Mr. A. L. Ray and Miss Edna Earl Delap were united in the holy bonds of matrimony Tuesday evening, July 3rd, at nine o'clock, the ceremony being performed by Rev. E. R. Henderson, pastor of Central Baptist Church, at his home on Third Street.

The bride is a pretty and attractive young woman of Charleston where she has a host of friends. Her husband is a promising young farmer of Drew and enjoys the esteem of all who know him. The couple will make their home in Drew.

CLASSIFIED

Rates—2½c per word for each insertion payable strictly in advance. No advertisement accepted for less than 50c.

—FOR SALE: 2 new brick business buildings on Depot Street with desirable living quarters on second floor. Buildings adjoin and could be made into one. Located next door to Dixie Cafe. Reason for selling am leaving Grenada. Apply Mrs. Vincent Barranco. Phone 531. 6 15 4t

—UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY is open to man with willingness to work. Permanent profitable business supplying consumers with nationally known line of household necessities. Business established 40 years. Write W. T. Rawleigh Co., Dept. MS 1852, Memphis, Tenn. 7 6 4t

Radiolas,
Loudspeakers,
Radiotrons,
Batteries and
Accessories

Exclusive RCA Dealers
SHARP FURNITURE CO.

—SALESMAN WANTED: Man wanted, young or old, as traveling salesman to represent large company in Grenada County. Man with car preferred. Experience not necessary. Pleasant work, easy sales, good pay, permanent position, country or town man can qualify. Apply to R. J. Alston, at Planters Hotel, all day July 12th.

—FOR SALE: 12 foot boat at a bargain. See Hurd Horton. 7 6 2t

—FOR SALE—A very desirable building lot, located on Poplar Street. Price and terms to suit purchaser. For further information call at Sentinel office. 6 29 tf

New Victor Records Every Friday

SHARP FURNITURE CO.

—FOR SALE: My home on Mound Street between Depot and Second Streets. Price resonable. D. M. Barranco, Phone 236, Grenada, Miss. 6 29 4t

—FOR SALE: Two purebred, registered Jersey cows, 3 years old, one fresh now, one not bred. Bargain price. Fone 133. W. J. Jennings, Sr.

—Wanted to buy a second hand garage. H care Grenada Sentinel 7 6 2t

Compliments Visitors.

Miss Virginia Jane Bass charmingly entertained at bridge Monday afternoon honoring her house guest, Miss Shirley Vance, of Oxford and Miss Thelma Jackson's visitor, Miss Mary Belle Stollenwerck, of Faunsdale, Ala.

A lovely salad and ice course was daintily served.

Miss Mary Louise McLeod was the winner of the prize for success and the attractive honorees were each presented with pretty souvenirs of the occasion.

Those enjoying Miss Bass' hospitality, besides the honorees, were Miss Thelma Jackson, Agnes Trusty, Chloe Lufkin, Mary Patton Wilkins, Elizabeth Miller Eddlemann and Mary Louise McLeod.

* * *

Missionary Circle Meetings.

The circles of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church will meet next Monday afternoon, July 9, at 4 o'clock, as follows:

No. 1 with Mrs. Paul Sisk, No. 2 with Mrs. R. V. Wasson, No. 3 with Mrs. J. R. Countiss and No. 4 with Mrs. Hermann Heath.

* * *

Rev. and Mrs. Robert L. McLeod left Monday morning in their car to spend a month in Maxton and Laurinburg, N. C. visiting Mr. McLeod's parents at the former place and Mrs. McLeod's parents at the latter place. Miss Louise McLeod, Mr. McLeod's sister, and Miss Louise John, Mrs. McLeod's sister, who had been here several weeks on a visit, accompanied them.

* * *

Mrs. B. D. Newsom and two children, Mary Jane and Nancy, expect to leave the last of the week for Jackson to spend several weeks visiting relatives. Their father and grandfather, Mr. J. C. Cavett, of Jackson, who has been here some days, will accompany them.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. J. O. Crider, of the University of Mississippi, were guests last Sunday of Rev. and Mrs. E. S. Lewis and family. Mrs. Crider and Mrs. Lewis are sisters.

* * *

Miss Ione Calhoon and John Sydney Sharp, Jr., of Grenada, are among a number who are enjoying a delightful house party in Coffeeville this week, guests of Miss Clyde Bryant and Russell Bailey. Others making up the party are Misses Tillie Treanor and Elizabeth Jackson, of Nashville, Tenn., Miss Maynard McLean, of Jackson, Miss., John Cunningham, of Brooksville, James Anderson, of Sumner, and Tom T. Webb, of Webb.

* * *

Miss Thelma Jackson has as members of her house party this week Miss Mary Belle Stollenwerck, of Faunsdale, Ala., Mr. Cleveland Porter, of Selma, Ala. and Mr. J. B. Pope, of Grenada.

Rev. and Mrs. E. S. Lewis and daughter, Miss Virginia, were visitors the latter part of last week in Greenville. Mr. Lewis went to perform a wedding ceremony.

* * *

Mr. Joseph P. McDaniels, the popular manager of Bowers Store, has been transferred to Memphis. His many friends here regret to see him leave. Mr. McDaniels is succeeded by Mr. W. M. Dubard, Jr., a Grenada young man who will give that energy and that attention to the business that it deserves. He is qualified in every way to take over the reins of the store and that he will be successful in his work his friends have no doubt.

* * *

Mr. Henry W. Speir left Monday in his car for Mobile, Ala. to attend a convention of the deaf and dumb.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Lawrence and infant son, accompanied by Mrs. Lawrence's mother, Mrs. M. A. Pinkerton, of Clarksville, Ark., and by Mr. Harry Greenfield, spent last Sunday afternoon in Greenwood, as guests of Miss Bettie Sue Lawrence, the week-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Lawrence.

* * *

Misses Eva and Myrtle Gray, M. Mae Woods and Lucile O'Neal, graduates of the Grenada Hospital Training School for Nurses, are in Jackson this week standing the examination of the state board of health. Miss Myrtle Gray has accepted a position at the state sanatorium at Magee and will go there when she completes her examination. Miss O'Neal will go from Jackson to Mobile, Ala. to spend several days visiting and the others will return home.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Perry, Jr. are being most generously congratulated over the arrival into their home on Monday morning, July 2, of a fine baby girl. The young lady, who is their firstborn, has been christened Mary Jane.

* * *

Mr. H. J. Ray was among those from Grenada who looked in on the Democratic National Convention in session at Houston, Texas last week. When he returned home his wife and young son, Henry, Jr., who had been visiting relatives in Bellevue, Texas, joined him and came with him.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hoffa and family reached home Sunday afternoon from Houston, Texas, where they spent last week visiting relatives. While there they had the opportunity of taking in the sessions of the Democratic National Convention.

* * *

Miss Chloe Lufkin left Tuesday to spend several weeks in Anna, Ill. visiting relatives.

* * *

Miss Katherine Lufkin is in Como spending several days this week visiting friends.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pope and little daughter and Mrs. Pope's brother, Dick Bradley, left Thursday for a several days' stay in Columbus with relatives.

* * *

Mrs. S. C. Mims, Jr. and young son, Sam, III, returned Sunday from a several weeks' visit to relatives in Iuka.

* * *

Mrs. Dewey Harrison and two little daughters, of Little Rock, Ark., arrived the latter part of last week to visit their father and grandfather, Mr. O. L. Kimbrough, and other relatives in Grenada.

* * *

Misses Ethel and Mabel Hollis spent the fourth in Derma with their mother, Mrs. Bettie Hollis.

* * *

Mrs. Mary Leigh is here from Memphis visiting her mother, Mrs. T. H. Moore, on Margin Street. Her son, Henry Leigh, who had been here for several weeks, returned Sunday to Memphis.

* * *

Misses Anna Lucille and Blanche Hornor left Sunday for Covington, Tenn. to spend two weeks or more visiting their grandmother, Mrs. Blanche B. Hornor.

* * *

Mr. Cleveland Porter, of Selma, Ala., arrived Tuesday for a few days' visit in the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Jackson on South Street.

* * *

Mr. Kenneth Wood, who is connected with the Mississippi Power & Light Co. with offices in Jackson, was here to spend the weekend with his wife who is visiting her mother, Mrs. W. A. Campbell, on College Boulevard.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John P. Pressgrove were Greenwood visitors last Sunday.

* * *

Mrs. Wayne Koonce left Tuesday for Goodman to spend several days visiting her sister, Mrs. C. E. Mabry.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Revell, Jr., and little son, T. B., III, returned home Monday from Paris, Texas where they spent several weeks most delightfully as the guest of their parents and grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Revell.

* * *

Mrs. I. O. Pearson, Jr. returned home Thursday from Indianola where she spent several days visiting her brother, Mr. George Yeager. Her young son, I. O., III, who had been there some time, returned home with her.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Lambert and their attractive daughter, Miss Lula, left Tuesday afternoon for Minden, La. where they went to visit relatives.

* * *

Rev. John W. Young, of Greenville, was here a short while the first of the week with his father, Dr. J. W. Young, and family. He left Tuesday for Asheville, N. C. to spend several weeks.

Misses Dovey Boyett Moore and Estelle Moore, of Chicago, were week-end guests of their aunt, Mrs. Laura Mitchell, in Grenada.

* * *

Misses Robbie and Juliet Doak left the first of the week for a tour of Yellowstone Park and other places of interest in the west and northwest.

* * *

Mrs. J. H. Brown left last Friday to spend two or three weeks in Washington, New York City, Niagara Falls and points in the Dominion of Canada.

* * *

Mr. Louie Friedman spent the day last Sunday in Oxford visiting homefolks. He made the trip in his car.

* * *

Mrs. Orman L. Kimbrough returned home Sunday from Memphis where she spent several days visiting relatives.

* * *

Mrs. R. T. Hamilton arrived Sunday at noon from her home in Batesville for a short stay in Grenada with relatives.

* * *

Mrs. W. T. Johnson, of Greenwood, is in Grenada this week the guest of Rev. and Mrs. E. S. Lewis, and family. She and Mrs. Lewis are sisters.

* * *

Miss Belle Ayres is at home again after spending several weeks visiting Mrs. Dora Luscher and family and Mrs. Luscher's mother, Mrs. Dora Adams, in Mobile.

* * *

Mr. J. H. Jackson has purchased from Mr. H. D. Horn the latter's former home on Union Street, the residence and lot best known in Grenada as the Orman home. He is making some repairs and is going to make the place quite attractive. Mr. Horn and family have moved just across the street, south, into a handsome new residence which he has just had finished.

* * *

Mr. Lafayette Atkinson, county superintendent of education, is erecting quite an attractive brick-veneer residence on the west part of the lot, formerly the home of J. W. Vance, deceased.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Claud Perry had the pleasure of having with them this week, Mrs. Perry's father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Lee, of Ancona, Holmes County.

* * *

Mr. Earl Hayes and his cousin, Miss Virginia Davis, arrived last Thursday via automobile from Chicago, where both live, to spend several weeks visiting Mr. Hayes' mother, Mrs. A. D. Collins, in Grenada.

* * *

Miss Cathleen Davis, of Jackson, Miss., is enjoying a two weeks' visit with Miss Susie Lee Horton.

(Political Advertisement)

THE FARMING CLASS WITHOUT CONGRESSIONAL REPRESENTATION

The Fourth Congressional District contains a larger percentage of white farmers who vote, than any district in the State, and yet the Fourth district as now constituted has not elected a farmer to Congress since the Civil war. It is true that Hon. Clarke Lewis, of Noxubee county, served for two terms most of the counties now comprising the district, but his home county has been in the First district for many years. Mr. Lewis was succeeded by Hon. H. D. Money, an editor, who went to the United States senate. Members of the legal fraternity have since represented the district in Congrss.

Mr. Busby, the present incumbent, is now serving his third term. When he was first elected in 1922, he made this statement:

"For a man to be entitled to serve three terms in Congress, he should be able to reach up and get the moon and stars, and not even a Webster or a Clay should be permitted to serve more than three terms."

Mr. Busby is now asking for a fourth term. Having served his three terms, his constituents are the judges of his qualifications as a "moon fixer and a star gazer." Likewise of his ability to measure up to the standard set by himself, along with "a Webster or a Clay."

Hon. C. H. Aldridge of Montgomery County, in behalf of his own candidacy to succeed Mr. Busby in Congress, submits that he has qualified to represent a farming constituency by practical personal knowledge of their problems. He is himself a "dirt farmer" and has made a success at farming by hard work and good business judgment.

That alone would not qualify him for this high office. He has also acquired legislative experience by serving two terms in the Mississippi Legislature, where he had practical knowledge of the trend of legislation, and made a special study of legislation affecting farmers.

The problems of the farmer are now before the country as never before. There is an honest, sincere, concerted effort in both national and state legislative bodies to meet the problem and solve it. The greater part of the late Democratic national platform was devoted to this topic. We are advancing in farm production, diversification, dairying, etc., by leaps and bounds.

So it behooves us to put men in high places who can represent us with ability and knowledge of our needs and requirements.

Before you vote for Congressman on the 21st of August, investigate the record and standing of C. H. Aldridge as a citizen, farmer, legislator or any other qualification that in your judgment your Congressman should possess.

C. H. Aldridge Campaign
For Congress
By E. T. Winston

OAKLAND PONTIAC NOW HAS GRENADA AGENCY

The Oakland Motor Car Company, announces another addition to its rapidly-growing dealer organization in the appointment of C. A. Perry Motor Co., as Oakland-Pontiac dealers here for the Oakland All-American Six and its companion car, the smart New Series Pontiac Six. The public is invited to visit the showroom at Superior Service Station and inspect the various models comprising the new lines.

The C. A. Perry Motor Co., in presenting the New Series Pontiac Six and the Oakland All-American Six to the public, offers the last word in up-to-date engineering practice and skillful body-building at a price range of from $745 to $1,265 f. o. b. factory. Besides the above prices for the standard models of the Pontiac and Oakland Sixes motorists who demand the ultimate degree of dashing appearance may obtain at extra cost any Oakland Six model equipped with collapsible rear trunk rack and six wire wheels, the two spares being carried in special wells on the front fenders.

With the Oakland Motor Car Company at its highest capacity for precision production and with both lines of six-cylinder cars enjoying a high measure of public favor, the C. A. Perry Motor Co. is confident that these products will gain an outstanding position in this locality.

HIGHLANDERS ENTERTAIN ROTARY CLUB TUESDAY

One of the most enjoyable programs given before the Grenada Rotary Club in a long time was that presented Tuesday, July 3, by the Highlanders, an organization of the younger boys of Grenada. There are 30 members of the local group, 27 of which are active members. If one may judge from the appearance of the 16 who made up those presenting the entertainment Tuesday, these young fellows give every indication of developing into fine and useful citizens.

To start the program the boys single filed into the room and went through a few drills at the command of their leader, Mr. S. H. Horton, who is doing such effective work with them. The program was then turned over to the direction of Harry Rayburn, boy scout who has aided so greatly in the training of the Highlanders. After the entire company had sung "America", the Highlander precepts were recited by Jack Martin, Henry Ray repeated the oath and Joe Stevens gave the motto.

Frank Gerard played several tuneful saxophone selections, accompanied at the piano by Mrs. Raphael Semmes. The quartet, composed of Ben Adams, Frank Horton, Bertwell Johnson and Erle Johnson, sang a number of selections in such a style that other quartets, perhaps more famous and better trained, might well emulate. Leon Siegel added much to the program by his piano solos. With the saying of the Highlander prayer by Hurd Horton, the entertainment was ended. The Highlanders were assured by President Andrew Carothers of the intense interest of the Rotary Club in all their activities and they were assured also of the wholehearted upport of the club.

Rotarian Jim Smith, of Canton, who has just returned from the convention of Rotary International at Minneapolis, told something of his trip and mentioned especially the new plan of the organization whereby it is hoped to develop more and more the individual Rotarian.

Other guests Tuesday were Mr. J. C. Cavett, of Jackson, and Messrs. J. D. Crenshaw and Erle Johnson, of Grenada.

HOT, HOT—AND NO RAIN

The weather man who has been forecasting the weather and telling in advance about the rains that have come with such regularity since early in April, somehow failed to let the public on to the hot weather that Grenada and the entire country is experiencing this week. The sun seems to have turned loose with fury all the fires and heat that he is wont to have and to have sent his beaming rays almost red hot to the earth. Beginning with Monday, July 2, it got hot and the heat has seemed to increase just a little every day. It has got so hot that people are actually talking about it—it is a rather rare thing for people to talk about the weather except on occasions when they have nothing else much to say; maybe that is why this is being written. The mercury shot upward above 90 and on the fourth it seemed to be reaching out for 100. There has been no rain thus far in July, and in view of the fact that the rains have come with such regularity, they are going to be missed and if there is just a sudden breaking off, crops are going to suffer for moisture. But the weather man this week is giving weather for cotton to grow—an old farmer in Tallahatchie County used to say that cotton never did do well until the weather got so hot that one had to disrobe like Nature sent him here before he could sleep.

TO THE PEOPLE OF GRENADA COUNTY

I want to thank you for your support and help in protecting our game and fish. If you will continue to help me and the deputy wardens, we will have lots of game to hunt when the season opens up this fall. The prospects are good for one of the largest bird crops in years. I also have found quite a lot of squirrels in the last few days. They were mighty hard to find during the month of May.

We have some mighty fine fishing places in Grenada County and if the people will help us stop the dynamiting of lakes and streams we will continue to have good fishing places. We are doing all in our power to catch and prosecute these destroyers of our fish. We ask the help of all in this work. I will consider it a personal favor for any information given me about any game law violations.

Quite a number of the members of the Izaak Walton League have been getting fish from the government hatchery and putting them in our lakes and streams. These fish have been put out for the last four years and I can see that we are getting pretty good results. The league is doing great work all over the whole country and they ask the help and support of all. As a member I ask that all who are interested in our fish and game to join this league so that our work will bring better results for all. Again thanking all for their help, I am,

Respectfully,
R. E. HALL,
County Game Warden.
Grenada, Miss., July 2, 1928.

FRED LICKFOLD HIGH THIRD STRAIGHT WEEK

Breaking 46 out of 50 targets at the weekly shoot of the Grenada Gun Club last Thursday, June 28, Fred Lickfold led the shooters for the third consecutive time. He has set a mark for other gunners to follow:

Scores that day follow:

F. R. Lickfold, Jr.	21	25	46
E. E. Wilkins	23	22	45
J. E. Shaw, Jr.	18	25	43
J. E. Tyler	21	19	40
Geo. Garner	19	21	40
J. W. Bradley	18	20	38
W. K. Huffinton	19	18	37
Mrs. Geo. Garner	16	17	33
F. R. Lickfold, Sr.	16		
Hamp Weir	15		

GREAT CROWDS COME FOR JULY 4TH FETE

(Continued from page 1)

cision over Barkley Gammon after six rounds of fast and furious fighting. A free for all scrap was narrowly averted by spectators and officers when an argument arose between Gammon and Billy Haack, one of the judges, over the decision.

In the final match of the evening, Red Beck won the decision over Bobby Burns after eight rounds.

Approximately 500 people witnessed the fights. Billy Haack, of Memphis, and Judson Jennings and Waring Taylor, of Grenada, were the judges while A. W. George, of Tie Plant, refereed.

COTTON CROP FAILS TO IMPROVE IN JUNE

(Continued from page 1)

sive rainfall. Where rainfall was about normal the crop held its own or improved slighly but was handicapped by recurrent dips in temperature and by unfavorable conditions prior to June 1. The crop is late in all sections except in some northern areas and in western Texas, averaging two to three weeks late.

Rainfall was heavily excessive in Oklahoma, Arkansas, Missouri, Louisiana, Tennessee and Alabama.

Wet areas are very grassy and in rough state of cultivation, where cultivated at all. Much cotton remains to be chopped. Local disasters, as levee breaks and inundations from other causes, wind, sand and hail storms and erosion by torrential rains contributed adversely in many scattered areas of the belt. Some such disasters occur nearly every year but they appear to have been more numerous than usual this year.

Texas appears to be doing very well. The Atlantics are doing better than formerly but there is a great deal of room for improvement. The outlook in Alabama is gloomy. Oklahoma got a severe setback during the last half of June. The Mississippi Valley states, Arkansas, Missouri and Tennessee especially started into June in fair shape, although averaging late; they have lost heavily in condition.

Aside from plantings destroyed by inundations, there has so far been no extensive abandonment acreage but a large abandonment is prospective. The last week of June was the most favorable of the month for field work in wet areas, although there were showers which caused further delay. Stands, especially in fields that had never been chopped, are being rather badly broken in an effort to get rid of grass and weeds.

Reports indicate that weevils are threatening in portions of the Carolinas, in eastern Oklahoma and over most of the southern half of the belt, with a few scattered reports of the presence of weevils elsewhere. Some Carolina, Georgia and Texas reports mention hoppers.

The plant is extremely irregular in size and appearance. Altogether it is a very spotted crop.

BINFORD OFFERS PRIZES IN VOCATION CONTESTS

(Continued from page 1)

Smith-Hughes contests, J. T. Thomas, president of the Grenada Bank led the list of individual donors by offering $200.00 in cash prizes for the same purpose. The Security Bank and Trust Co. and Wilson Banking Company, of Greenwood have each offered $50.00, making a total of $100.00 from Greenwood. The business interests of Clarksdale have promised $100.00. The remaining amount will be made up from other counties in the district, according to C. O. Henderson, state supervisor. The Pillow Hardware Company, of Greenwood has offered a sweepstakes prize for the student that makes the highest number of points in the farmshop work contest. This prize will be a $35.00 set of tools especially adapted to use on farms in that part of the state.

The very atractive catalog, recently gotten out for the 1928 North Mississippi Fair Association, has given these contests a prominent place among its pages so that everyone will see the program offered by the Smith-Hughes people. The dairy cattle judging contests for adult farmers is causing lots of interest over the northern part of the state according to many of the agricultural teachers. Mr. Binford of the Columbian Life Insurance Company has offered a seventeen jewel watch to the farmer that proves to be the best judge of dairy cattle.

The greatest Portable Victrola ever made

Victrola 2-55

THAT'S what you'll say too, when you see it and hear it play. Marvelous reproduction—volume enough for a group of dancers. Beautiful, indestructible cabinet of drawn steel. Covered with leather-finished fabric. Handsome fittings.

Other features include an automatic record-brake and a detachable winding key whose angle is such that motor can be wound without moving the instrument.

Let us show you this wonderful new Portable Victrola.

Sold on Terms

SHARP FURNITURE CO.

JULY Clearance Sale

All summer hats on sale at

75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00
$2.50 and $3.00

Nothing over three dollars

No felts on sale

THE VOGUE

Grenada, Miss.

25 YEARS AGO IN GRENADA

From the Files of THE GRENADA SENTINEL

Sen. B. C. Adams, his accomplished wife and two fine children, Ben and Dora, left Thursday afternoon for Chicago to spend some time.

Our esteemed friend Mr. J. A. Moreland, brought to The Sentinel office Tuesday two cotton stalks 32 inches tall, containing a number of blooms and several bolls.

Mr. R. E. Perry, of Williamsville, a prominent hustling farmer and merchant, was in town this week.

Prof. Powers is more handsome than ever, since he has had his mustache cut off. Even the girls hang on the gates and gaze at him in admiration as he passes by.

Mrs. M. A. Chamberlain and Miss Belle Ayres left on the 2nd inst. for Chicago in company with the family of Hon. B. C. Adams, to be absent a few months. May happiness and safety attend them.

Mr. C. M. Melton, a leading business factor and citizen of Greenwood, spent Sunday with his wife, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. R. Lickfold.

Mr. J. L. McCracken left Saturday afternoon for Denver, Colo. to accept an important position with the I. C. Railroad. He was accompanied by his excellent wife. Mr. McCracken was for several years ticket agent for the I. C. Railroad at West Point.

At a meeting of the Grenada Fair and Live Stock Association held June 30th, all the old officers were re-elected, viz., H. B. Barbee, president; S. A. Morrison, treasurer; W. B. Hoffa, secretary; John S. King, assistant secretary; A. B. Boyd was added to the list as vice-president. The following executive committee, consisting of Dr. W. P. Ferguson, W. F. Martin and W. J. Jennings, were appointed. Plans were discussed, and promise of the best fair Grenada ever has made.

Messrs. O. F. Lawrence, Cowles Horton, Crawford Garner, J. H. Barksdale G. B. Jones, Sel Roane and Dr. A. H. Bays were in Greenwood last Monday.

Hon. E. F. Noel is steadily gaining in his canvass for Governor, notwithstanding some talk and newspaper gossip to the contrary.

Mr. J. E. Thomas, of Greenwood, was in Grenada yesterday.

The beautiful and charming Miss Lona Wilkins, of Duck Hill spent most of the week in Grenada as the guest of Mrs. Carrie Goodwin.

Mr. F. P. McElwrath, of Shannon, Miss., is in town visiting his sick mother.

Mrs. F. A. Pearce and children, of Water Valley, are visiting friends in the city this week.

Miss Allie Cook, of Greenwood, is the guest of Miss Kittie Kettle this week.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL SYSTEM — COURTESY EFFICIENT SERVICE ALWAYS

Insuring Good Service

Good railway service is a matter of long planning ahead. Traffic requirements must be anticipated, and facilities must be developed to meet them. It takes time to raise money, to obtain delivery of cars and locomotives and to make additions of new trackage and other major improvements. That is why the character of railway service at any time is a reflection of the past condition of railway earning power.

The present excellence of railway service is an illustration. Between 1921 and 1926 the net return earned by the railroads as a whole, although short of the officially designated fair return, showed in the main a steady and encouraging improvement. On the strength of this improvement and the faith of investors that it would continue the railroads were able in the six years 1922-27 to invest approximately $5,000,000,000 in new facilities. Users of railway service are now reaping the cumulative benefit of these investments. In the same way the future adequacy of railway service depends upon the present adequacy of railway earning power.

If the recent downward trend in the net return earned by the railroads should continue, it is virtually certain to have a corresponding effect upon the quality of railway service. The railway expansion already attained might help to postpone this effect, but traffic will soon outgrow the capacity of present railway facilities. The growth of the country in both population and economic activity calls for a continuing expansion of railway capacity. Hence railway earning power must at all times be such as to encourage investment in railway securities and thus enable the railroads to maintain their progress.

Rates which insure the ability of the railroads to meet prospective demands for transportation are the cheapest premium for the best insurance the business of the country could have.

Constructive criticism and suggestions are invited.

L. A. DOWNS,
President, Illinois Central System.

CHICAGO, July 2, 1928.

SENTINEL PUBLISHER PARTLY DESCRIBES DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION

(Continued from page 1)

for Smith, 8½ for Harrison and 1 for Bilbo.

On the roll call of delegates, they voted as follows:

Gov. Theo. G. Bilbo, absent.
Senator Pat Harrison, Smith.
Senator Hubert Stephens, Harrison.
Thomas L. Bailey, Harrison.
Mrs. Sadie Still, Smith.
Mrs. Ellen Woodward, Harrison.
Mrs. Bidwell Adam, Harrison.
Miss Daisy Rogers, Smith.

FIRST DISTRICT
George H. Hill, Harrison.
N. A. Park, Harrison.
Dr. Stone, Harrison.
Thomas F. Paine, Harrison.

SECOND DISTRICT
Phil Stone, Smith.
Joe Davis, Smith.
Richard Denman, Smith.
A. C. Anderson, Harrison.

THIRD DISTRICT
Lake Roberson, Smith.
W. T. Wynn, Smith.

FOURTH DISTRICT
E. G. Whitehead, Smith.
J. R. McLarty, Smith.

FIFTH DISTRICT
J. O. Easterling, Smith.
P. Q. Graham, Harrison.
W. L. Taylor, Harrison.
R. H. Alford, Harrison.

SIXTH DISTRICT
F. C. Hathorn, Harrison.
F. D. Alcorn, Harrison.
A. B. Schauber, Bilbo.

SEVENTH DISTRICT
L. J. Kennedy, Harrison.
H. V. Wall, Harrison.
Robert Lewis, Harrison.

EIGHTH DISTRICT
Homer H. Casteel, Smith.
J. J. McGraw, Smith.

Total—Smith 9½, Harrison 8½, Bilbo 1.

The vote by states was:

Alabama, 24—George 8, Hull 6, Woollen 2, Jones 3, Donahey 4, Smith 1.
Arizona, 6—Smith 6.
Arkansas, 18—Smith 17, Reed 1.
California, 26—Smith 26.
Colorado, 12—Smith 12.
Connecticut, 14—Smith 14.
Delaware, 6—Smith 6.
Florida, 12—George 12.
Georgia, 28—George 28.
Idaho, 8—Smith 8.
Illinois, 58—Smith 56, Reed 2.
Indiana, 30—Smith 25, Woollen 5.
Iowa, 26—Smith 26.
Kansas, 20—Smith 11 1-2, Reed 4, Ayres 3, not voting 1 1-2.
Kentucky, 26—Smith 26.
Louisiana, 20—Smith 20.
Maine, 12—Smith 12.
Maryland, 16—Smith 16.
Massachusetts, 36—Smith 36.
Michigan, 30—Smith 30.
Minnesota, 24—Smith 24.
Mississippi, 20—Smith 9 1-2, Harrison 8 1-2, Bilbo 1, not voting 1.
Missouri, 36—Reed 36.
Montana, 8—Smith 8.
Nebraska, 16—Smith 12, Hitchcock 4.
Nevada, 6—Smith 6.
New Hampshire, 8—Smith 8.
New Jersey, 28—Smith 28.
New Mexico, 6—Smith 6.
New York, 90—Smith 90.
North Carolina, 24—Hull 19 1-3, Smith 4 2-3.
North Dakota, 10—Smith 10.
Ohio, 48—Smith 45, Pomerene 3.
Oklahoma, 20—Smith 10, Reed 8, Hull 2.
Oregon, 10—Smith 10.
Pennsylvania, 76—Donahey 1, Thompson 1, Reed 1, Hull 2 1-2 Smith 70 1-2.
Rhode Island, 10—Smith 10.
South Carolina, 18—Watts 18.
South Dakota, 10—Smith 10.
Tennessee, 24—Smith 23, Hull 1.
Texas, 40—Jones 40.
Utah, 8—Smith 8.
Vermont, 8—Smith 8.
Virginia, 23—Hull 18, Smith 6.
Washington, 14—Smith 14.
West Virginia, 16—Thompson 2, George 4 1-2, Smith 10 1-2.
Wisconsin, 26—Smith 26.
Wyoming, 6—Smith 6.
Alaska, 6—Smith 6.
District of Columbia, 6—Smith 6.
Hawaii, 6—Smith 6.
Philippines, 6—Smith 6.
Porto Rico,6—Smith 6.
Canal Zone, 6—Smith 6.
Virgin Islands, 2—Smith 2.

THE TOTAL

Smith	849 2-3
Hull	50 5-6
George	52 1-2
Wollen	7
Ayres	3
Reed	52
Hitchcock	2
Pomerene	3
Jesse Jones	43
Thompson	2
Donahey	5
Harrison	8 1-2
Watts (S. C.)	18
Bilbo (Miss)	1

Gov. Smith's telegram to the convention in reply to one advising him of his nomination follows:

"I received your message on behalf of the convention. With a deep sense of responsibility and a fervent prayer for the guidance of Divine Providence, I accept the call of my party to lead it in the national campaign. I can think of no greater privilege in this world than to serve our country. My gratitude to the convention for its expression of confidence in me I cannot adequately express in this telegram. I will have to make it manifest by single-handed devotion to the United States and her people in every section.

"The happiness and welfare of millions of men, women and children who constitute the nation was the great driving force behind the doctrine enunciated by the immortal Jefferson, given life by him and carried through by Cleveland and Wilson. I am convinced that our platform voices that doctrine. I stand committed to the platform and will welcome an opportunity to reorganize and make more efficient the agencies of government to the end that the burden of taxation may be lightened.

"Our platform lays at rest the absurd claim insidiously put out by Republican propaganda that the Republican party has a monopoly upon the mechanics of prosperity. Our platform in its tariff and financial policy gives assurance to every legitimate business man, wage earner, farmer and tax payer, that prosperity will not be conserved but fairly distributed among all.

"The definite declaration of the convention to aid agriculture and the planks dealing with labor problems are sound, progressive and sincere, as is also the party commitment to the development of our water power without alienating our God-given resources. Our plank on foreign policy states the simple truth that the Divine command to 'love thy neighbor as thyself,' contains no limitation and was intended to apply as between nations.

"The equal and even enforcement of the law in the corner stone upon which rests the whole structure of Democratic government. If it is the will of the people of this nation that I am to take an oath as president of the United States to protect and defend our constitution and laws, I will execute that oath to the limit of my ability without reservation or evasion.

"It is well known that I believe there should be fundamental changes in the present provisions for national prohibition, based as I stated in my Jackson Day letter, on the fearless application to the problem of the principles of Jeffersonian Democracy.

"While I fully appreciate that these changes can only be made by the people themselves through their elected legislative representatives, I feel it to be the duty of the chosen leader of the people to point the way which in his opinion leads to a sane, sensible solution of a condition which I am convinced is entirely unsatisfactory to the great mass of our people."

"Common honesty compels us to admit that corruption of law enforcement officials, bootlegging and lawlessness are now prevalent throughout this country. I am satisfied that without returning to the old evils that grew from the saloon which years ago I held and still hold was, and always to be a defunct institution in this country. By the application of the Democratic principles of local self-government and states' rights we can secure real temperance, respect for law, and eradication of the existing evils.

"In my formal acceptance of your nomination I shall give to the people of the country my views in full upon all of the issues of the campaign in the way that I know that you can dot it. Give the delegates my warmest thanks for the confidence they have reposed in me and my assurance that, with their support, I confidently expect to lead the historic Democratic party to victory in November."

Vote for Vice-President:

The first ballot for vice presidential nominee at the Democratic convention Friday at noon resulted as follows:

The official count after a wholesale switching follows:

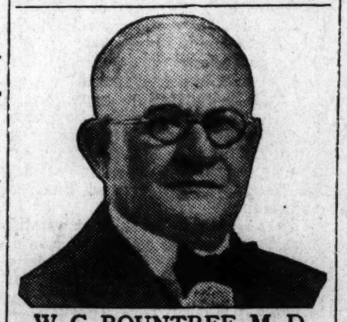
Robinson	1,032 1-6
Allen	21
Mrs. Ross	2
Barkley	9
Fletcher	7
Moody	9 1-3
Berry	11 1-2
Woollen	2
Stevenson	2
Total vote cast	1,099
Necessary for choice	733 1-2

We plain folks from the Magolia state were privileged while t Houston to gaze upon a few of he nation's notables. Among them were Mrs. Alfred E. Smith, the ext first lady of the land, Mrs. Voodrow Wilson, widow of the immortal war president, John W. Davis, Democratic nominee in 1924, Jimmie Walker, debonair mayor of New York, George Olvaney, head of Tammany Hall and an officer in the Presbyterian church, Will Rogers, the world's greatest humorist, and many, many others, not the least of which is Graham McNamee, internationally known radio announcer. In looks and actions, none of them appears to be above us ordinary mortals but they seem—all of them—intensely human.

Senator Joseph T. Robinson made a wonderful presiding officer and he will make the nation a great vice-president. Our own Pat Harrison presided over the last day's session of the convention. Nobody could beat him as a presiding officer. He's a good one anywhere you hitch him up.

And Senator Stephens—he can

(Continued on page 7)



W. C. ROUNTREE, M. D.

The man who has for many years successfully treated Pellagra by mail.

Has Your Doctor Failed To Find Your Trouble?

If you have any of the following symptoms: Nervousness, Stomach Trouble, Brown, Rough or Irritated Skin, Loss of Weight, Weakness, Achings, Swimming of the Head, Burning Sensations, Constipation, Diarrhoea, Mucus in Throat, Crazy Feelings, put your case in the hands of a Physician who has spent years in successfully locating the exact trouble and restoring Vigor and Health to those who have failed to find relief from other doctors.

Read What Others Say:

Mrs. W. J. Burrows, Box 927, Electra, Texas, writes: "I want to tell the world what a great and good PELLAGRA treatment you have. I feel better than I have for 14 years."

Mrs. Sallie Strong, Route No. 1, Long Island, Ala., writes: "I will always praise you and your wonderful medicine. It has done me more good than all other medicines I have taken."

Write Today to the Rountree Laboratories, Austin, Texas, for Free Diagnosis and Questionnaire.

Column About Colored People of Grenada County

Items by J. H. Phillips

A Good Man Gone.

Uncle Niel Nason, an honored and highly respected citizen of our race, passed away last week. He was 84 years of age. His was a useful life filled with a record of worthy deeds performed without stint. He was loved alike by white and colored. The rank and file of his kind are fast disappearing and as they go we observe the changed sentiment as compared to then and now. Mr. Nason was respected by all the white citizens who knew him. Mr. J. T. Thomas, to whose family he belonged in slavery days, was present and expressed regret that he was no more among us. Mr. Wm. Dubard and other white people were also present to show respect to his splendid life. We, too, join the bereaved with sympathy and await the last trumpet sound when we shall see him again.

Mrs. J. H. Dunaway left for Chicago where she went to visit her children who live there. She enjoys her visits immensely for she usually makes trips every year.

Grenada Normal

Grenada is to be host to the normal which convenes here on the 16th of July. The normal for this section comprises the 9 adjoining counties and is usually very largely attended. It is expected that those ho' attend will try and register he first week of the term. The superintendent of education for this county says it will be the best normal ever. The faculty is complete and its members are brimful f information which they are ready to import to those who attend. Under our system of education, it will be impossible to measure up to the requirements as a eacher in our schools. It is therefore urged that all the colored eachers avail themselves of this pportunity.

Rev. A. Nabors has returned ome from a visit to various places n Arkansas.

MOTHERS

Watch for symptoms of worms in your children. These parasites are the great destroyers of child life. If you have reason to think your child has worms, act quickly. Give the little one a dose or two of White's Cream Vermifuge. Worms cannot exist where this time-tried and successful remedy is used. It drives out the worms and restores the rosy hue of health to baby cheeks. Price 35c. Sold by CORNER DRUG STORE

DR. EMMA K. HOCK
Chiropractor
Office Over Friedman's Store
Telephone 17
GRENADA, MISS.

B. S. DUDLEY
DENTIST
Separate Chair and Instruments for Colored Patients
GRENADA, MISS.

..It costs only half as much. And it is the deadliest insect-killer made.

[Money back if it doesn't prove so.]

Imagine

Black Flag Liquid, only 25 cents for a full *half-pint*. And others cost 50 cents.

BLACK FLAG

Black Flag comes in two forms—Liquid and Powder. Both are sure death to flies, mosquitoes, roaches, ants, bed bugs, fleas, etc. © 1928, B. F. Co.

Dyre-Kent Drug Co. "Has It" | Dyre-Kent Drug Co. "Has It"

Favorite in Southern Kitchens
Your Druggist or Grocer has these high grade flavors in 15 and 25-cent bottles:
Vanilla Lemon
Strawberry
Almond Orange
Pineapple
Banana
Also Red, Green and Orange Certified Fruit Colorings.
Quinn's
FLAVORING EXTRACTS
and certified FRUIT COLORINGS
Richness not affected by baking or freezing
Made in the South, by J. W. QUINN DRUG CO., Greenwood, Mississippi

Dyre-Kent Drug Co. "Has It" | Dyre-Kent Drug Co. "Has It"

Twin Ignition HIGH COMPRESSION MOTOR

12 Spark Plugs [Airplane Type] instead of 6

The new "Twin Ignition" motor, in the new Advanced and Special Nash "400" models, is a truly amazing development in power.

It is a high-compression motor, with two ignition coils, instead of one, two spark plugs per cylinder, instead of one, 360 sparks per second at top speed, instead of 180, to thoroughly and economically burn the highly-compressed gases.

It sets a precedent in motor-performance among all motor cars.

Nash "400" Advanced Six models are now capable of 75 to 80 miles per hour with no effort at all.

Nash "400" Special Six models do 70 to 75 with consummate ease.

Another major advantage of the "Twin Ignition" motor is economy—*more power, more speed, less gasoline.*

Drive a new Nash "400" and you'll see what Twin-Ignition and high compression have done to give the world a new and finer motor car.

The new NASH "400" Series

OTHER IMPORTANT FEATURES—*No other car has all of them*

- Salon Bodies
- Bohnalite aluminum pistons (Invar Struts)
- 7-bearing crankshaft (hollow crank pins)
- Houdaille and Lovejoy shock absorbers (exclusive Nash mounting)
- Torsional vibration damper
- New double drop frame
- Bijur centralized chassis lubrication
- One-piece Salon fenders
- Clear vision front pillar posts
- Exterior metalware chrome plated over nickel
- Short turning radius
- World's easiest steering
- Biflex-Nash bumpers and bumperettes

THE WORLD HAS A NEW AND FINER MOTOR CAR

PENN-STAR MOTOR CO.

Telephone 305 Grenada, Miss.

DR. C. K. BAILEY
DENTIST
Office Over Heath Bros'.
Store Facing Main Street
GRENADA, MISS.

STOP THAT ITCHING

Use Blue Star Remedy for Itch, Tetter, Ringworm, Eczema, Cracked Hands, Old Sores, Dandruff, Sore Feet, and Sores on Children. It relieves the itching and usually restores the skin to a healthy condition. For sale by 2d Class Drug Store.

666
Cures Chills and Fever, Intermittent, Remittent and Bilious Fever due to Malaria.
It kills the Germs.
Dyre-Kent Drug Co. "Has It"

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic
Makes the Body Strong. Makes the Blood Rich. It restores Energy and Vitality by creating new, healthy blood and fortifies the system against Malaria and Chills. Pleasant to take. 60c.
Dyre-Kent Drug Co. "Has It"

10 YEARS AGO IN GRENADA

From the Files of THE GRENADA SENTINEL

Mr. R. Pressgrove and family spent Sunday in Charleston as guests of Mr. J. H. Caldwell, bringing back with them Elizabeth, who has been been visiting Miss Alma Caldwell for the past week.

Mr. A. P. Guntharp, of McComb, was in the city last Sunday and Mrs. Guntharp, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. W. W. Garner, for the past several weeks, returned home with him.

Postmaster A. S. Bell and wife returned Monday evening from a three weeks' stay at Hot Springs. They both look much refreshed and express themselves as greatly enjoying their stay.

Miss Charlie Olson, who has been visiting her sister at Waterloo, Iowa, has returned and is visiting her brother and sister, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Dockery at Tie Plant.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Thomas, of Clarksdale, came over last Sunday to be with their son, Guy, who was in Grenada on a furlough from Camp Beauregard.

Miss Mary Crowder returned from a visit to New Orleans Tuesday, accompanied by Miss Francis Farrell,, who will be her guest for a couple of weeks.

Mr. W. J. Jennings, the popular secretary and treasurer of the A. & M. College, was in Grenada several days the latter part of the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Lockett and children motored to Memphis last Friday, remaining over until Sunday evening with relatives and friends.

Miss Susie Brown is visiting the Misses Bardwell, who are so pleasantly remembered as Miss Brown's guests a few weeks ago, in Yazoo City.

Mrs. S. C. Pecot, formerly Miss Kate Lou Countiss, spent several days in Grenada this week with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. R. Countiss.

Mr. and Mrs. Matthews and Mrs. Melton, motored over from Greenwood, Thursday and were the guests of Mrs. Lickfold.

Miss Katherine Murfee, of Oakland, spent the week-end with her aunt, Mrs. Todd, en route to Chicago.

Mrs. Bettie Combs, of Charleston, is visiting her son in law and grandchildren, Mr. R. Horton and children.

Miss Kate Sadler is at home again after an extended visit to the home of her brother in Oklahoma City.

Miss Stella Robinson is back home for a few days and while here is the guest of Mrs. Carrie Goodwin.

Mrs. Hal O. Hill, nee Miss Mildred Williams, of Camp Wadsworth, Ky., is home with her father and sisters.

Mr. C. F. Gibson left Wednesday for New Orleans, where he goes to join the navy.

Miss Carrie Doty is visiting her brother, Mr. Rowland Doty, at Little Rock, Ark.

Don't neglect MALARIA

Malaria is serious; treat it seriously. Get at the source of the trouble with Q B Chill Tonic, a scientific combination of those ingredients, including quinine, used successfully for generations.

Q.B. CHILL TONIC

Keeps bowels open and kidneys functioning as they should. Your drug dealer can furnish Q B Chill Tonic in the form you need: (a) The powerful old formula for obstinate cases, 25 and 75 cents; (b) The "modified" formula, containing less quinine and therefore less bitter, 50 cents; or (c) The "sweet," or tasteless formula, for children or others who cannot swallow bitter medicine, 60 cents.
Made and guaranteed by J. W. QUINN DRUG CO., Greenwood, Miss.

Dyre-Kent Drug Co. "Has It" | Dyre-Kent Drug Co. "Has It"

George Peabody
COLLEGE FOR TEACHERS
Nashville, Tenn.

SUMMER QUARTER, 1928
First Term: June 12 - July 20
Second Term: July 21 - August 29

Write the Recorder for Catalog

THE PRIDE OF THE SOUTH

Down in New Orleans

SPEND THE WEEK END IN NEW ORLEANS
Golf, tennis, every outdoor sport. The historic French Quarter, the cosmopolitan cafes and night clubs. You'll love New Orleans. It's different.

THERE IS a hotel that matches every charm of this quaint old City. The Roosevelt is as interesting as its famous French Quarter —as hospitable as its people— and as delightful as its year round climate.

WRITE OR WIRE FOR RESERVATIONS

The **ROOSEVELT**
NEW ORLEANS

SENTINEL PUBLISHER PARTLY DESCRIBES DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION

(Continued from page 6)

aecomplish more with the least waste of words than almost anybody. The Senator "knows his onions".

It was a great convention in every way. The Democrats could have searched the world over and couldn't have found two better running mates than Al Smith and Joe Robinson—they are going to win, too, despite the predictions of many calamity howlers.

Had the honor and the privilege of shaking the hand of many of the country's distinguished Democrats, and among them was John W. Davis, the candidate of the party four years ago. He was there as an ardent Smith man. He has a distinguished bearing and a fine face.

Without meaning to tell any tales out of school, will say that there was what appeared to be pure red whiskey in mnay of the rooms at the hotels. Saw a rank, rank, dry man seated in one of the rooms where there were bottles galore and he was imbibing something that I think was ginger ale. Most of us abhor hypocrisy and double-dealing, and when we see men shouting dry and proclaiming their everlasting allegiance to temperance and then drinking whatever comes along, we get disgusted and think that David was not far wrong when he said that "all men are liars" and that another one of his many weaknesses overcame him when he took these words back and stated that he spoke in haste.

The New York delegates set a most worthy example. They had no whiskey; if they did they did not brandish it abroad. They were the best behaved and among the most decorous in every way at the convention. They arose to the task before them like men. All the eastern delegates carried themselves well.

Next to the shouting that followed Al Smith's nomination was the tumult that followed Claude Bowers' statement that the Republicans had made door mats of the farmers and that the Democrats promised no "paternalism for the farmers but we do demand that privilege cease to place one hand in the farmer's pockets while the other holds his throat". Many of the more experienced at the convention were heard to say that these words would go ringing down the corridors of the ages.

I got the impression that most of the proceedings of the convention, who was to be recognized and the order of recognition was agreed upon beforehand. I had heard it stated that this was the case about great gatherings many times but I saw it in action and I recognized, too, that that was the only way great deliberative bodies could be handled. So if there was any prearrangement, it was a good one and planned by experienced and farseeing men.

By the way, Senator Pittman, the chairman of the platform committee, is a Mississippian by birth, and the greatest speech of the convention, after that of Claude Bowers and Franklin D. Roosevelt, was that of Senator Gore, born and reared just east of us, in Webster County. He talked some about the Republicans, too. He said that Senator Borah was so easily satisfied about the sins of his party that he showed he still believed in Santa Claus but, he said, the Senator never got to first base in raising the money to return the tainted funds that Will Hayes and Andy Mellon forgot to tell about until they were corkscrewed by the Democrats, and which went to pay Republican campaign expenses.

Senator Reed made a red hot nd telling speech after Smith's omination. He said that he was eart and soul with the ticket and hat he was ready to tell the country still more about how the Republicans had prostituted public office and of which nobody in high official circles of the Republican party had been heard to utter a word of condemnation.

The convention made the impression upon me that a great majority of the members felt that they had ome together for a serious and sacred and patriotic task and that, so far as lay within their power, they meant to try to measure up to the responsibility and the obligation that had been placed upon them. And in my opinion, they executed the task faithfully, wisely and well.

It was a great privilege for one of my years to be able to attend uch a convention. I sat, looked nd listened. I feel that I learned many things, a great deal, the full ignificance of which I do not now ully realize but which will more and more dawn upon me as the ears roll by. I hope I may use at east something of what I saw nd learned for the welfare of my own, my county, my state and ay nation and that I shall be able to make The Sentinel a better newspaper and one that shall be of greater service to all of our readers.

WEEKLY HEALTH SUGGESTIONS

By Felix J. Underwood, M. D., State Health Officer Mississippi State Board of Health.

Mr. Supervisor,
Mr. Mayor,
Mr. Editor,
Mr. Health Officer,
Mr. Citizen and Taxpayer,

ASK YOURSELF

Is your community protecting the public health?

Have you a well organized health department?

Does your part-time health officer interest himself in methods of prevention?

Remember public health is purchasable and any community can, in a large measure, limit the prevalence of disease within its borders.

Has your community shown a spirit of cooperation with local officials?

Is your community making the best use of all modern methods of prevention? If not, why not?

Are all cases of contagious diseases reported promptly? If not, why not?

Without such methods and reports your health officials cannot direct their activities in a way that will give the best results in disease prevention.

Have you a safe water supply? How do you know that it is safe?

Does your health department have bacteriological tests of water made frequently?

Typhoid fever and other waterborne diseases may be expected unless your water supply is kept safe. This work is done without charge by the State Hygienic Laboratory. The director of the Bureau of Sanitary Engineering has charge of this work for the State Board of Health and works in cooperation with all health officers.

Know that you are drinking safe water.

What effort have your village or officials made to insure you a safe milk supply?

Several dangerous communicable diseases may be spread by unsafe and unclean milk. Raw milk is not always safe milk. Pasteurization, when properly done, will insure you a safe milk supply. Intelligent dairy inspections, etc., coupled with an educational campaign for the milk producer, will greatly improve the cleanliness of your milk supply.

SIGN YOU CAN BELIEVE IN

If your breath is bad and you have spells of swimming in the head, poor appetite, constipation and a general no-account feeling, it is a sign your liver is torpid. The one really dependable remedy for all disorders in the liver, stomach and bowels is Herbine. It acts powerfully on the liver, strengthens digestion, purifies the bowels and restores a fine feeling of energy vim and cherfulness. Price 60c. Sold by CORNER DRUG STORE.

OUR SPECIAL OFFER CONTINUED TO JULY 15

Due to the increased demand for the General Electric Refrigerator we will continue our special offer to July 15th.

Act quickly---Take advantage of our liberal offer of

$10 down---Balance in Fifteen Monthly Payments $10

GENERAL ELECTRIC Refrigerator

Enjoy this "New Day Refrigerator"

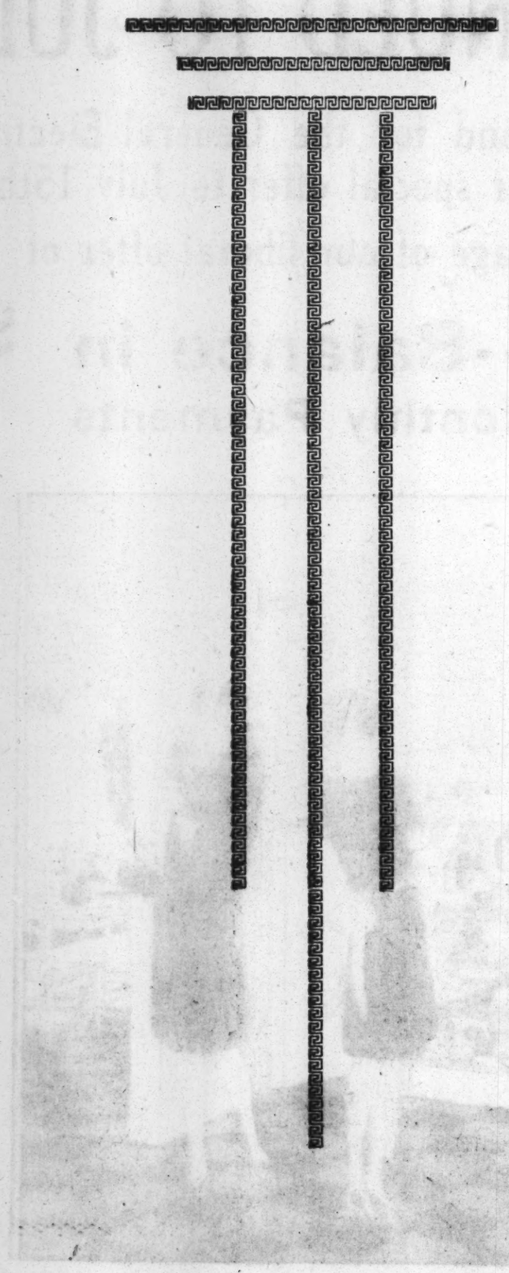
YOUR GOOD HEALTH—and the health of your family—demand this scientifically correct refrigeration. The bacteria which dwell in foods multiply when the temperature is above 50 degrees. Come in today and see this "New Day Refrigerator"—it keeps food fresh and good—just like you buy it.

Remember---Only 9 Days Remain

Mississippi Power & Light Co.

Phone 339 Grenada, Miss.

It's Too Hot to Work!



But---

We've got to work to eat and
we've got to eat to live and
none of us wants to die.

Therefore---

If you want more work and
if you want to eat and
if you want to keep on living

Tell the thousands who read this paper
what you have to sell them and
what you want for what you have and
how much better your merchandise is and
how quickly you can make deliveries and
so on and on ad infinitum.

That will bring you more business---
More business means more food---
More food means more years of life---
Longer life means more happiness and
It all goes round in a circle.

Talk to us about it!

The Grenada Sentinel

Telephone 26